

1ST PUC

English Examination

Grammar

Correction of Sentences

ARTICLES

1. My friend is a honest man. **an honest man**
2. A Ganga is a holy river. **The Ganga** **The Ganga**
3. He hit upon a idea of enlisting the help of his colleagues. **The idea**
4. He is elected as a MLA. **an MLA**
5. Once upon a time a elephant made a friendship with a man. **an elephant**
6. He asked me for an sum of money. **a sum**
7. Rohan was an first to arrive. **The first**
8. Honesty is a best policy. **The best**
9. I met a elderly gentleman on the street. **an elderly**
10. He is an curator of the museum. **a curator**
11. A more the merrier. **The more**
12. Sugar is bad for your teeth. **The sugar**
13. Eggs are sold by an dozen. **The dozen**
14. He plays guitar so well. **The guitar**
15. I know a French. **The French**

PREPOSITIONS

1. I prefer coffee more than tea. **Coffee to tea**
2. He shot for the tiger but missed. **at the tiger**
3. He accompanied with his friends. **Accompanied his friends.**
4. We walked ten kms by foot. **on foot.**
5. I am blessed by good health. **with good health.**
6. Mr. Kumar presided in the meeting. **over the meeting**
7. Can you think with anyone who can get the job done? **Of anyone**
8. The baby was dressed with blue. **in blue**
9. You must stand with me in times of difficulties. **by me.**
10. He confessed about the crime. **to crime.**
11. If you do not show it for me, I will shoot you down. **to me**
12. The curse begins from 1 July. **on 1st july**
13. Why don't you write with ink? **in ink?**
14. Do not be rude with people. **to people.**
15. She is married with her cousin. **to her cousin.**

TENSE

1. I am knowing your brother. **I know**
2. I am liking it. **I like**
3. He has took my books. **has taken**
4. He is wanting to return to his motherland. **He wants to**
5. Fortune is favouring the brave. **Fortune favours**
6. I am forgetting your name. **I have forgotten**
7. People have the luxury to be saying what they want. **to saying**
8. When is the train arriving? **train arrive?**
9. I am having a sweet tooth. **I have a** **You have practiced**
10. If you would have practiced regularly, you would have won the match.
11. These boxes are weighing thirty tonnes. **boxes weigh**
12. You are looking gorgeous in this dress **You look**
13. She has ate the apple. **has eaten**
14. Can't you delay to release the manifesto to the public? **delay releasing**
15. He takes bath. **He is bathing.**
16. Geetha did not went to college today. **not go to**

SUBJECT - VERB AGREEMENT

1. Every room in this college are neat and clean. **is neat**
2. A flock of birds are flying overhead, **is flying**
3. The team have come prepared. **has come**
4. Slow and steady win the race. **wins the race.**
5. Ten kilometers are a short distance. **a short**
6. Information are helpful. **is helpful**
7. The horse and carriage are at the door. **is at the door.**
8. The news are interesting. **is interesting**
9. Bread and butter are his only food. **is his only food.**
10. My pair of shoes are missing. **Is missing.**
11. My shoes is torn. **are torn.**
12. The furniture were arranged. **was arranged.**
13. Dieting are bad for health. **is bad for health.**
14. The committee have submitted Its report. **has submitted**
15. Half of the oranges is rotten. **are rotten.**

WORD ORDER

1. Why you are late? **are you late**
2. When you did come? **did you come**
3. Why you didn't come? **Didn't you come** **He went along with his wife**
4. He went to the village to sell his property along with his wife.
5. She has been waiting for him still. **She has been still**
6. Still he is unable to decide. **He is still unable**
7. He only lost his wallet. **He lost only his wallet**
8. The two first members of the group are active participants. **The first two**
9. The boy is my son who spoke first In the competition.
The boy who spoke first in the competition is my son
10. You should regularly study if you wish to do well in the exams. **Study regularly**
11. Daily you must plan your routine **daily routine**
12. When you decide to did come? **When did you**
13. She did in the competition very well held last week. **did very well**
14. He is late always for class. **is always late**
15. Always children like to play. **Children always like**

THANK YOU

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