

SSLC English Model Paper 1 with Answers (1st Language)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

I. Four alternatives are given for the following questions. Choose the correct answer and write it along with its alphabet. (6 × 1 = 6)

1.

'I haven't a moment to spare for work'.

The figure of speech in the line is

- A) Alliteration
- B) Personification
- C) Hyperbole
- D) Synecdoche

Answer:

C) Hyperbole

2.

Americans spend roughly half their leisure time watching T.V._____.

The appropriate tag to be added is

- A) do they?
- B) don't they?
- C) should they?
- D) would they?

Answer:

B) don't they?

3.

I want to come but I have some work

The underlined group of word is

- A) a noun clause
- B) an adverb clause
- C) an-adjective clause
- D) a main clause

Answer:

D) a main clause

4.

Do you want tea ____ coffee?

The appropriate conjunction to filled in the blank is

- A) And
- B) But
- C) Or
- D) So

Answer:

5.

I ____ early today.

The correct phrasal verb to be filled in the blank

- A) woke up
- B) wake up
- C) woke on

D) woke for

Answer:

A) woke up

6.

I saw him leaving the house

The correct form of the passive voice of the sentence is

A) He had been seen leaving the house

B) He was seen to be leaving the house

C) Leaving the house he was seen by me

D) He was seen leaving the house by me

Answer:

D) He was seen leaving the house by me

II. Observe the relationship in the first pair of words and complete the second pair accordingly in the following : ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

7.

Wear : Where :: year :

Answer:

ear

8.

Believed : believe :: behaved :

Answer:

behaviour

9.

Agile: active:: Menance :

Answer:

threat /hazard

10.

Hard : hardly:: slowly

Answer:

fast

III. Rewrite as directed: ($3 \times 1 = 3$)

11.

Change the voice of sentence :

The architect remodelled our house.

Answer:

Our house was remodelled by the architect.

12.

Frame a to get the underlined words as answer :

Ramu and Nagaraj are playing tennis

Answer:

Who are playing tennis?

13.

Change to reported speech :

He said, "I missed the train but I'll catch the next one".

Answer:

He told me that he had missed the train but he'll catch the next one.

IV. Answer the following s in a sentence each: ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

14.

What did Anne Frank record in her diary?

Answer:

Anne Frank recorded her thoughts, feelings, hatred, longing and loneliness in her diary.

15.

What finally forced Frank to go into hiding?

Answer:

Otto Frank was forced into hiding when summons were issued to Margot for* deportation.

16.

How was the majestic neck humbled by the hunter?

Answer:

A hunter shot the male sarus crane and when it fell down he picked up the dead crane by its neck and stuffed it like dirty linen into a coarse laundry bag.

17.

Why did the people of Berlin choose her name for Anne Frank's Home?

Answer:

The people of Berlin had chosen her name 'to symbolize the spirit of racial arid social tolerance'.

V. Answer the following s in two – three sentences each : ($7 \times 2 = 14$)

18.

Why did the fellow Cyclops leave Polyphemus alone when Ulysses and his men attacked him?

Answer:

Ulysses had cunningly told the Cyclop that his name was Noman, When they drove the ' burning stake into the Cyclops eye he woke up and roared with the paid so loud that all the cavern broke into-claps like thunder. He cried out with a mighty voice for his brother Cyclops.

Hearing his terrible shouts, they came flocking for all over the island to inquire what ailed polyphemus, and what cause he had for making such horried clamours in the night time to break their sleep. From with in the cave, Polyphemus answered that Noman had hurt him. Noman was with him in the cave.

Hearing this they replied that if no man had hurt him, and no man was with him inside his cave, the evil which affected him was from the Hand of Heaven, which none could resist or help, so they left him and went their way, thinking that some disease troubled him.

19.

Why did the boy turn back his boat with trembling oars ? Explain.

Answer:

- The narrator had stolen a coat and rowed it skillfully with troubled pleasure fixing his view upon the summit of a craggy ridge.
- But suddenly from behind that craggy ridge, a huge and black peak put its head up as if it were a living creature endowed with a will power of its own.
- It seemed to grow slowly and towered up between him and the stars like a living thing.
- Frightened the boy trembled turned back his boat.

20.

How will development of hydro-electric power help to overcome inadequacy of water supply?

Answer:

The availability of electric power would make a tremendous difference to the life of the countryside and enable rural economy to be improved in various directions. In particular, it would enable underground water to be tapped to a greater extent than at present and thus help to overcome the difficulties arising from irregularity or inadequacy of other sources of supply.

21.

What was Jim's reaction when he saw Della without her lovely hair?

Answer:

Jim stopped inside the door, as immovable as a setter at the scent of a quail. His eyes were fixed upon Della, and there was an expression in them that she could not read and it terrified her. It was not anger, nor surprise, nor disapproval, nor horror, nor any of the sentiments that she had been prepared for. He simply stared at her fixedly with that peculiar expression on his face.

22.

Why does Gandhi say that it is difficult to judge the morality of man's action. Through which example does he illustrate this?

Gandhi says that it is difficult to judge the morality of a man's action because we cannot penetrate the depths of his mind. Daniel Webster, was a great intellect but he sold his intellectual integrity for a price which wiped out all his good deeds.

23.

Why does Mr. Frank take many weeks to finish reading the diary?

Answer:

It took Otto Frank many weeks to finish reading what his dead child had written. He broke down after every few pages. As his old mother was still alive – she had immigrated to Switzerland where other near relatives lived – he started copying the manuscript for her. Some passages which he felt to be too intimate or which might hurt other people's feelings were left out by him.

24.

How does Kama challenge Arjuna?

Answer:

Kama scorns at Arjuna and tells him that the arena was open to all and that Arjuna was not the only contestant participating in the events. He preaches Arjuna that Might is the sanction of sovereignty and that the law was based on it. He urges Arjuna not to indulge in mere talk, which was the weapon of weak but to shoot arrows instead of words.

VI. Rewrite as directed. ($3 \times 2 = 6$)

25.

Change the following sentence to a compound and complex sentence

He was kind in private life. He was severe in public life

Answer:

Compound: Though he was kind in private life, he was severe in public life.

Complex : He was kind in private life but severe in public life.

26.

Change the following sentence to the other two degrees of comparison :

No other girl in the class is as smart as Sanjana.

Answer:

Positive : Sanjana is the smartest girl in the class.

Comparative: Sanjana is smarter than any other girl in the class,

27.

Combine the following sentences using neither / nor

The train arrived at the station. The passengers rushed towards its.

Answer:

No sooner had the train arrived at the station than the passengers rushed towards it.

VII. Answer the following questions in 5-6 sentences each : ($6 \times 3 = 18$)

28.

How do nature and hunters disturb the stones on the wall?

Answer:

The frozen ground swells and spills the upper boulders. The hunters pull down the stones and leave gaps in the wall. This way they search for rabbits hiding under the wall to please their barking dogs.

29.

Explain the message brought out by Basavanna in the poem “The Temple and the Body”.

Answer:

- Basavanna believes that God is Present within ourselves and not in any temples.
- Basavanna says that everything in this world will perish or be destroyed with the passing of time.
- Basavanna says that all human beings should devote one's body and life to the service of God. Everything in this world happens only through the will of God.

30.

What arrangement did Squire Trelawney and Dr. Livesey make for a voyage for treasure hunt ?

Answer:

- Jim was to be their cabin boy.
- Squire travelled to Bristol bought a fine schooner called the Hispaniola
- Hired a sea captain-cook was to be a one legged old soldier called Long John Silver- helped him in picking the rest of the crew.
- In Jim's absence an apprentice was hired to help his mother to run the Admiral Benbow.

31.

What are the various causes of soil erosion? How can it be prevented ?

Answer:

- Sudden bursts of excessively heavy rain resulting in a large run off of surplus water are the main cause of soil erosion.

- The terracing of the land, the construction of bunds to check the flow of water, the practice of contour cultivation and the planting of 'appropriate types of vegetation are amongst the measures that have been suggested.

32.

What made Pasteur believe that a cow could not have anthrax twice?

Answer:

Pasteur collected some cows and divided them into two lots. To one lot he gave injections of his weak anthrax germs. The other lot was left alone. Then on a certain day all the animals were injected with the most deadly anthrax germs that could be produced.

On the third day after the experiment, All the first lot animals that had first been protected by the weak germs were perfectly well. The deadly injection had done them no harm at all. This experiment made Pasteur believe that a cow could not have anthrax twice.

33.

What did the narrator infer when the girl was startled by his voice?

Answer:

The narrator inferred that he was sitting in a dark corner and the girl failed to see him because of this. He also felt that the girl had a good eyesight and she was looking out of window of the train at the scenic beauty outside and had failed to notice him sitting in a dark corner.

OR

What was Sir Issac Newton's chief invention. What made the writer to think about the invention?

Answer:

- Sir Issac Newton's Chief invention was the laws of Gravity. The Blacksmith was the last man to bat on the village side. He was in a foul mood because he had sprained his foot.
- The ball seemed to hang motionless in the air against the cloudless, blue sky as if it were fighting a heroic but forlorn battle against the chief invention of Sir Issac Newton.

VIII. Explain with reference to the context: ($5 \times 3 = 15$)

34.

"You'll have to look at the time a hundred times a day now. "

Answer:

In O. Henry's 'The Gift of the Magi', we see how at the end, Della showed Jim the present she had bought after selling her hair- the platinum watch chain. She asked him whether he did not think it was a lovely gift. She explained how she hunted all over the town to find it.

She told him joyfully that with such a lovely shiny watch – chain he would feel obliged to pull out his watch from the pocket and see what the time was a hundred times a day. Jim, she felt, would feel real pleasure in showing off to the public both his watch and the watch – chain to which it was to be attached.

Della remembered how in the past, Jim consulted his watch seldom and when he did so, it was slyly; for the watch was attached to a worn – out leather strap. But Della was in for a surprise, for Jim had done with his precious possession what she had done with hers.

35.

"Water is the basis of all life".

Answer:

This sentence is taken from the lesson The Elixir of Life. The author is emphasizing on the importance of water. Every animal and very plant contains a substantial proportion of free or combined water in its body and no kind, of physiological activity is possible in which the fluid doesn't pay an essential part. Water is necessary for animal life, whereas moisture in the soil is equally imperative for the life and growth of plants and trees.

36.

“What have I done for my country?”

Answer:

This line is taken from the lesson ‘Louis Pasteur, Conqueror Of Disease’, by E H Carter. These lines are a message given by Louis Pasteur while addressing students on the occasion of his 73 rd birthday celebrations. He told them ‘First ask yourself, what have I done for my education?’ then as you advance in life. What have I done for my country?, so that some day supreme happiness may come to you by the consciousness of having contributed in some measure to the progress and welfare of humanity.

37.

“She was an interesting girl.”

Answer:

These lines are taken from Ruskin Bond's ‘The Eyes Are Not Here’ The narrator had met a girl in the while travelling to Mussoorie. She told him that she envied him as he was visiting Mussoorie because the hills of Mussoorie presented a lovely sight in October. They had some more interesting talk and the narrator felt that she was an intelligent girl with an interesting face.

38.

“Ho, guests what are you? Merchants or wandering thieves?”

Answer:

Lesson – Ulysses and The cyclops

Author -Charles lamb

Said by the Cyclops to Ulysses and his men.

Ulysses was on his way back to Ithace after defeating the Trojans. On the way their ship sailed close to the land of the cyclops. He decided to explore the island. They found a giants cave and entered it. they spent the day feasting on the giants food and wine. In the evening the cyclop came back and saw them. He asked them who they were and if they were merchants or wandering thieves.

IX. Quote from memory: ($1 \times 4 = 4$)

39.

“But ere he alighted at Netherby gate.

The bride had consented, the gallant came late:

For a laggard in love, and a dastard in war.

Was to wed the fair Ellen of brave Lochinvar”.

OR

“And it grew both day and night,

Till it bore an apple bright:

And my foe beheld it shine,

And he knew that it was mine”

X. Answer the following s in seven to eight sentences each : ($3 \times 4 = 12$)

40.

How does Gandhiji illustrate that, for an act to be moral, it should be free from fear and compulsion?

Answer:

According to Gandhiji, an act of moral is one that is done without fear or compulsion. He cites the example of a person who rises early out of fear that if he is late for his office, he may lose his job. Gandhiji cites a few other instances such as a person living a simple life as he has no means to live a luxurious one; an employer sympathizing with his employees or paying them higher wages lest they leave him.

King Richard granting the peasants their rights only when they rose in revolt and met him with blood shot eyes (in anger). But when the danger was over, he forced them to surrender their letters, such acts done under compulsion and fear cannot be called Moral Acts.

41.

Write a short note on the views expressed by the writer on the tragic comedy of “development”. Why does he call it tragic comedy?

Answer:

The writer, Cheriyan Alexander, comments that it is deep irony that private prosperity is growing, but tragically there is an inexorable impoverishment of the resources that belong to the public realm. Although an amazing variety of sleek car models are available to choose from, the roads in our cities are in pretty bad shape and getting worse.

Public lung spaces such as parks and play grounds are rapidly turning into fashionable luxury resorts for the affluent. The services in the public domain such as transportation, health care, libraries and education have been pushed into the private realm so that some company or the other can make a profit on them. In the process, the poor are being pushed into becoming consumers of increasingly, expensive goods and utilities.

Consumerism has been drummed up as “development” by agencies like the world bank, whose main objective is to make the way smooth for the unbridled expansion of the so-called “free market” economy into every corner of the globe.

The writer calls such ‘development’ a tragic – comedy because the proponents of such ‘development’ dream of a day when all of India will look like the United States with two cars in every garage and the reassuring glow of McDonald and Pepsi sings all along every high way. This ‘development’ can be ironically confirmed when the sheer tonnage of the garbage we throw out – plastic cups, junked cars, refrigerators and T.V. sets – matches the level that in America.

When this happens we will no longer be a ‘developing country’ but will certify as ‘developed’ by the Americas, who have been our teachers and role models. To actualize this vision, millions of Indian youth are rushing to get their MBA degrees.

OR

Describe the effect that the spectacle of the peak had on the poet’s mind.

Answer:

The poet stealthily returns the boat back to her usual mooring place at the willow tree in a cave. He walks back home through the meadows in a grave and serious mood. But the spectacle of the huge peak towering behind him lingered in his mind for many days.

His mind was filled with no other thought but of the huge peak. He could recall no other shapes, nor the pleasant images of trees, sea or sky “or the colours of green fields. His every thought and imagination was filled with the huge and mighty lifeless forms of the huge peaks, which moved slowly through his mind like living men, during the day. And every night these huge forms troubled him in his dreams.

42.

Write in a paragraph about how Drona was unfair on his demand?

Answer:

Bound by his promise to make Arjuna the greatest archer ever, he asks Ekalavya his right thumb, the quintessential instrument to an archer's might, as his tuition fee, the GuruDakhshina. Ekalavya politely submits to his teacher's request without resentment.

Dronacharya's demand as cruel and unjust, driven by his personal fondness to his disciple Arjuna. But there has never been much discussion of the act chosen by Ekalavya to show his might. It is the nature of a dog to bark, an instinctive reaction. Subjugating a naive creature for a trouble which is totally unintentional shows lack of empathy, and to a certain extent the inability to act wisely.

OR

List out all the values which the poet's father wants the teacher to teach his son.

Answer:

- To be positive and optimistic
- To be able to accept failure and defeat
- To be able to appreciate what are beyond human understanding
- To have faith and belief in oneself
- Not to tread the beaten track
- Not being gullible .
- To be able to discriminate the right from the wrong
- Not being gullible
- To be positive and optimistic
- To be able to accept failure and defeat
- To have faith and belief in oneself .
- To be able to appreciate what are beyond human
- To be able to discriminate the right from the understanding wrong
- Not to tread the beaten track

XI. 43. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below: $1 \times 4 = 4$ (2×2)

Olympia, the original site of Olympic Games in ancient Greece is situated in a quiet, beautiful valley. The old ruins are shaded by evergreen oaks, pines and poplars, as well as olive trees. Olympia was never a city but a sacred ground occupied by temples and dwellings for the priests. At the centre was the enclosure known as Altis, dedicated to Zeus, the god of gods.

It was in honour of Zeus that the quadrennial festival and the games were held. The fame of Olympia rests largely on Olympic Games. They were a great national festival of the entire Greek race. They regarded the Olympic victory as the highest honour. The simple reward of a twig of wild olive immortalised the victor and his family.

The Olympic Games were held regularly in peace and in war at an interval of four years for over a thousand years from 776 B.C. till 393 A.D. Originally men who spoke Greek as their mother tongue were allowed to compete. After each event a herald announced the victor's name and handed him a palm. On the last day the successful competitors were each given a garland of wild olive.

Questions :

A. Name the trees found in the old ruins of Olympia.

Answer:

Evergreen oaks, pines, poplars, olive trees.

B. In whose honour were the Olympic Games held ?

Answer:

Zeus, the God of Gods.

XII. 44. Write an essay of about 18-20 sentences on any one of the following topics: (1 × 5 = 5)

a) Folk dances of India

Answer:

India is land of diversity. It is unique in having a wide range of art forms across the country which nourished our culture. The main folk dance forms of India are, Dappu in Andrapradesh, Ponung, Dafla in Aninachal Pradesh, Jadur in Bihar, Dhangar in Goa, Phagun in Haryana, Kud in Jammu and Kashmir, Tirayattam in Kerala, Bhoota in Karnataka, Hazong in Meghalaya, Baredi in Madhya Pradesh, Lezim in Maharashtra, Thisham in Manipur, Teri chha in Nagland, Koya in Odisha, Bhangra in Panjab, Dandia in Rajasthan, Kavadi in Tamil Nadu, Hazagiri in Tripura, Jagar in Uttar Pradesh and Nak Cheng Rennie in West Bengal.

b) Teachers are the best reformers

Answer:

Teaching, from time immemorial, is considered as a noble profession. A good teacher is a friend, a guide, a parent and an adviser. Children spend most of their time in school and teachers become their second parents from whom they absorb values. Every parent look upon teachers as someone who do magic to mend their children. They believe their children are in safer hands than theirs. It is true that some lonely incidents happened recently dented this belief but then, in every crowd there will be some imposters.

They never were true teachers and never can be. The people, however great they are, would have had passed through the hands of teachers who polished their talents in due course of time. Doctors, engineers, scientists, politicians and all personalities were once just rough raw materials in the hands of teachers , who mended them, sharpened their talents and moulded their future. Hence, in any belief, teachers are the best reformers.

XIII. 45. Imagine you are Kavya / Nikhil studying in Government High School, Bangalore. Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper complaining about illegal parking and encroachment of footpaths by vendors in your area. (1 x 5 = 5)

From 28th October 2019
Bangalore

From
Kavya / Nikil,
Government High School,
Bangalore

To
The Editor,
Deccan Herald,
Bangalore Respected Sir,

Sub : Complaint against illegal Parking and encroachment of footpaths by vendors.

Through the column of your esteemed news paper. I would like to draw the attention of the respective authorities towards the illegal parking of numerous vehicles and the encroachment of shop keepers together with footpath vendors in our area make the public people should walk in the road itself.

It is highly impossible walk on the footpath. We feel it very unsafe to our children and old people to walk on the road. Once the respective authoritative persons visit the area, they come to know the practical

difficulties. I hope that the concerned authorities will take notice and implement remedial actions so that the people can walk on footpath safely.

Thanking you sir,

Yours faithfully,
Kavya/Nikhil

OR

Write a letter inviting your friend to spend summer holidays with you.

28-09-2019.

Dear Anuj,

I hope you have done well your final exams. I have also put in a lot of effort to get a rank in the exams. If you are not going anywhere else to spend your holidays, I want you to join me and family here at Mangalore. Moreover my cousins are also coming over. We will all enjoy playing Cricket and going to swimming pool.

I will ask my father to take us to visit some historical places in and around Bangalore. We can also watch some good movies. Let us have a great time. Please come over. I will also ask my father to write to your father to permit you to come to Bangalore. I will be eagerly awaiting your reply.

Your friend
XXX

To,
No. 17/9, II Main Road,
3rd Stage, MEI Colony,
Gunj Road,
Mangalore.

Paper 2 with Answers (1st Language)

Time: 3 Hours
Max Marks: 100

I. Four alternatives are given for the following sentences. Choose the correct answer and write it along with its alphabet. (6 × 1 = 6)

1.

‘And some are loaves and some so nearly balls’.

The figure of speech in the line is

- A) Personification
- B) Simile
- C) Metaphor
- D) Assonance

Answer:

C) Metaphor

2.

Captain Hodge restored the status quo, _____

The appropriate tag to be added is

Answer:

- A) did he?
- B) didn't he?
- C) can he?
- D) couldn't he?

Answer:

- B) didn't he

3.

Wait here till I come back

The underlined group of word is

- A) a norm clause
- B) an adverb clause
- C) an adjective clause
- D) a main clause

Answer:

- B) an adverb clause

4.

I wanted to buy a snack _____ didn't have enough money

The appropriate conjunction to filled in the blank is

- A) And
- B) But
- C) Or
- D) So

Answer:

- B) But

5.

You can't _____ from me!

The correct phrasal verb to be filled in the blank

- A) run off
- B) run up
- C) run down
- D) run away

Answer:

- D) run away

6.

The king gave him a reward

The correct form of the passive voice of the sentence is

- A) A reward was given by him to the king
- B) He was given a reward by the king
- C) He was given the reward by the king
- D) He was given by the king a reward

Answer:

- B) He was given a reward by the king

II. Observe the relationship in the first pair of words and complete the second pair accordingly in the following :

($4 \times 1 = 4$)

7.

Lured : Tempted :: _____ : total destruction

Answer:

Anihilation

8.

Foe x Friend :: dauntless x

Answer:

coward

9.

Dye : die :: heir :

Answer:

hair

10.

Faithful : unfaithful :: sufficient :

Answer:

insufficient

III. Rewrite as directed: ($3 \times 1 = 3$)

11.

Change the voice of sentence :

The teacher will give you instructions.

Answer:

Instructions will be given to you by the teacher.

12.

Frame a to get the underlined words as answer :

I go to school by bus

Answer:

How do you go to school?

13.

Change to reported speech :

Where do you want to go?

Answer:

He asked me where I wanted to go.

IV. Answer the following s in a sentence each : ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

14.

When can the messenger's act become a moral action?

Answer:

The messenger's act becomes a moral act when he bears the king's order, considering it to be his duty.

15.

Who had out – witted whom, in the game already played by the narrator?

Answer:

The girl had out – witted the narrator.

16.

Why doesn't the father want his son to follow the crowd?

Answer:

The father doesn't want his son to follow the crowd because many people are getting on the bandwagon of life.

17.

The four seasons correspond to the four stages of man's life. Where does the poet imagine himself to be?

Answer:

The poet imagines himself to be in the 'autumn' stage.

V. Answer the following questions in two – three sentences each : (7 × 2 = 14)

18.

What was the curse Parasurama pronounced in his anger on Kama ?

Answer:

Parasurama, cursed Kama believing that he had betrayed him, and the brahmastra he had learnt to use shall fail him at the fated moment, because he will be unable to recall the invocatory mantra when his hour of redemption comes.

19.

How did Drona justify his unfair demand?

Answer:

Dronacharya justifies his unfair demand saying that he had promised Arjuna that there would be no equal to him. Drona asked Buttoo his right – hand thumb as recompense so that Buttoo could never practise archery.

20.

Write any two acts of Kama which Lord Krishna recounts which violated fair play and chivalry.

Answer:

1. Kama dragged Drapadi to the hall with the help of Duryodhana, Dushyasana and Shakuni.
2. He compelled Yudistira to gamble and helped to deceive him.

21.

Why did the girl of the silent torrent follow the wrong man out of the worker's paradise?

Answer:

The girl was impressed by art and beauty. For the first time the girl had realised that there are things to do other than continuous toil and productive work. Even if there was no meaning or purpose in art and beauty, she realised that art and beauty gave a certain joy. She saw new possibilities open – up before her. So she followed the young man to explore those possibilities.

22.

Why did the great Saint Theresa wish to have a torch in her right hand and vessel of water in her left?

Answer:

Saint Theresa wished to have a torch to burn the glories of heaven and the vessel of water to extinguish the fires of hell. She wanted to do this to teach human beings to learn to serve God from love alone without fear of hell and without temptation of heavenly bliss.

23.

The writer says that if Meip had read Anne's diary, she would have destroyed it. Why does the writer think so?

Answer:

The writer thinks that if Meip had read the dairy, she would have found detailed information on the help she and other people had given the Frank family at the risk of their own lives and she might well have decided to destroy the dairy for reasons of safety.

24.

What clues of his plan does Lochinvar give Ellen?

Answer:

When the bride Ellen kissed the wine goblet and offered it to Lochinvar he drank it quickly and threw the goblet down. He indicates that Ellen break the ceremony and run away with him. Later while dancing with her he softly touch her hand and wispers in her ears, to assure her of his love.

VI. Rewrite as directed. ($3 \times 2 = 6$)

25.

Change the following sentence to a compound and complex sentence

In the event of being late you will not be allowed entry.

Answer:

Compound : You must not be late or you will not be allowed entry.

Complex : Unless you are in time, you will not be allowed entry.

26.

Change the following sentence to the other two degrees of comparison:

Platinum is the most precious metal

Answer:

Positive : No other metal is as precious as platinum

Comparitive : Platinum is more precious than any other metal.

27.

Combine the following sentences using too – to.

He is so old. He cannot work.

Answer:

He is top old to work.

VII. Answer the following s in 5-6 sentences each : ($6 \times 3 = 18$)

28.

How does John Masefield describe his mother's suffering?

Answer:

John Masefield says that his mother 's life made him a man because it was in her womb that he got nourishment. But he expresses a strong sense of guilt and regret that his mother lost her beauty in bearing him. She suffered pain and strain while he was in her womb. He sucked the' nutrition while he was in her womb, making her suffer and weak. He feels that every child she bore brought about partial death of her.

29.

Describe the experiment conducted by Pasteur to show the difference between pure and stale air.

Answer:

Pasteur filled some bottles filled with soup and took some to a little hotel bedroom where the air hardly ever

changed and broke the neck of the bottles. So that air could enter freely. Then he sealed the necks on the bottle again after a few minutes.

Again he took some more bottles to a open field and repeated the same as he had done in the hotel room. Again he took some bottles to the top of a mountain and did the same.

After a few days he opened the bottles kept in the hotel room. He saw that the soup had become mouldy. The soup in the bottles kept in the open field, were also mouldy, but not quite so bad.

The soup bottles kept on the mountains had no germs at all.

30.

How does the poet express his spirituality being a poor man ?

Answer:

- He cannot build temples like the rich to show his devotion to God.
- Wants to offer his body in the form of a temple.
- Considers his legs as pillars, his body as the shrine, head a cupola of gold.
- All earthly structures are perishable.
- Only our soul and the good deeds of man are permanent.

31.

What argument does the speaker give to convince his neighbour that they do not need the wall ?

Answer:

- Narrator had apple orchard.
- His neighbour had pines
- Apple trees would never get across and eat the cones under his neighbour's pines.
- No cows in both the places
- Nothing to wall in and nothing to wall out.

32.

Why does Gandhi say that a moral act should be done without compulsion,?

Answer:

There is no morality whatever in my act, if I rise early out of the fear that, if I am late for my office, I may lose my situation. Similarly there is no morality in my living a simple and unpretentious life if I have not the means to live otherwise. But plain, simple living would be moral if, though wealthy, I think of all the wants and misery in the world about me- and feel that I ought to live a plain, simple life and not one of ease and luxury.

Likewise it is only selfish, and not moral, of an employer to sympathize with his employees or to pay them higher wages lest they leave him. It would be moral if the employer wished well of them and treated them kindly realizing how he owed his prosperity to them. This means that for an act to be moral it has to be free from fear and compulsion.

33.

Why was Billy looking out to sea every morning? Describe the encounter between Billy and the mysterious sea faring man?

Answer:

Billy was a pirate. He came to possess a treasure map. He was hiding it in his sea chest. He suspected that his former crew members would try to take it away from him and lived with this fear and therefore looked out to the sea during daytime.

It was several weeks after Billy's arrival that another mysterious seafaring man appeared, a sallow, evil looking fellow with two fingers missing. He argued with Billy, and in no time the two were fighting furiously. Wounded, the stranger was put to flight, but Billy was left stretched out on the floor, gasping for breath.

OR

What does the poet explain about in the poem "C.L.M."?

Answer:

This poem expresses love and regret in a very unusual way. It has to be said that the poem is written to his mother or at least written with his mother in mind. It starts out by explaining how mother gave him life and died and it continues to explain, how he expresses grief, for his mother cannot see him grown-up and cannot see how his son has lived his life.

The third stanza turns to the idea that even if death could be undone and his mother would be reincarnated it would be of no use because they would not recognize each other. In the fourth stanza the whole poem takes, an unusual turn for the author thinks that he is in debt to his mother and all womankind for the suffering they need to undergo when bearing the child and when in labor.

He concludes the poem with more feeling of guilt for he thinks he has not repaid the favor of living to her mother and due to that to women in general. The author thinks that he is also to blame for the fact that men are considered superior to women for he has not done anything about it.

In some sense, the author expresses concern over the inequality of sexes. The tone of the poem is serious and style is different to other poems as well. Even if it could be considered or labeled as a love poem, it cannot be compared with the poem Beauty for the difference of tone is too great.

VIII. Explain with reference to the context: (5 × 3 = 15)

34.

"What shall I, a poor man, do?"

Answer:

In his Vachana 'The Temple and the Body', Basavanna asks this . He imagines himself to be a poor devotee of Lord Siva. He sees rich people building temples to the Lord. Obviously, he would also like to build a temple to his Lord. But poverty prevents him from doing so.

So the poor man asks the quoted above. He means what can he, a poor man, do to show his devotion to God. The most obvious way of showing devotion is building a temple. When one cannot do it, what is one to do?

The poem then goes on to compare the human body to a temple which is to be occupied by God. The implication is that the body should be kept pure enough to be fit a God to stay in.

He would make his body a temple in this sense. His legs will be like pillars of the temple, his torso the sanctum sanctorum, and his head the golden cupola. Being a moving one, this, temple, will last longer than the other ones which are static. Though he does not say so, it would make him have divinity within himself. It is this divinity that is immortal in contrast to the man – built temple of brick and mortar.

35.

"Why don't you look out of the window?" she asked.

Answer:

These lines are extracted from 'The Eyes are not here' by Ruskin bond. The narrator of the story had lost is eye sight but his eyes are still sensitive to light and darkness. Once he was travelling to Dehradun by train. The narrator always tried to keep his blindness a secret from others.

A girl gets into his compartment at Saharanpur. The narrator pick up a conversation with the girl. The narrator tells the girl that she has a intresting face, just to impress her. But the girl ignores his comment and asks the narrator to just look out of the window.

36.

“O grave, keep shut lest I be shamed”

Answer:

- C. L. M. – John Masefield.
- Explains the ill-treatment given to the women in the society
- Men trample women’s rights – man’s lust roves the world untamed.
- Doesn’t want his mother to experience all this who is in the grave.
- Asks the grave to remain closed.

37.

“I’m me without my hair, ain’t I?”

Answer:

These lines are taken from the lesson ‘The Gift of the Magi’ Della sells her hair to bring a platinum fob chain for Jim’s heirloom watch as a present to him for Christmas. When Jim arrives home he is devastated to see that Della has cut her hair and he asks her sadly why she had cut her hair. Della tells him that she had not only cut her hair but also sold it and asks him if he doesn’t like her as much, as she is has cut her hair now.

38.

“Back to the covert of the willow tree”

Poem : The Stolen Boat

Poet : William Wordsworth

Answer:

These lines are from the poem ‘The Stolen Boat’ by William Wordsworth. One summer evening the poet found a little boat tied to a willow free inside a rocky cave by a lake. He takes it for a joy – ride, unknown to the owner of the boat. But as rows over the sea, instead of enjoying the ride he starts feeling guilty for having stolen the boat. He begins to feel that the rocky peaks are following him and watching him. So he turns back the boat and silently leaves it back to the covert of the willow – free where he had found the boat.

IX. Quote from memory : ($1 \times 4 = 4$)

39.

And I water’d it in fears.

Night and morning with my tears.

And I sunned it with smiles.

And with soft deceitful wiles.

OR

I long woo’d your daughter, mv suit you denied;

Love swells like the solwav. but ebbs like its tide-

And now am I come with this lost love of mine.

To lead but one measure, drink cup of wine.

X. Answer the following s in seven to eight sentences each : ($3 \times 4 = 12$)

40.

How did the young students of Germany pay homage to Anne Frank?

Answer:

The way in which young students of Germany paid homage to Anne Frank is as follows:

- In March 1957, a Hamburg student suggested that flowers should be laid on the mass graves in Bergen – Belsen where Anne Frank had found her last resting place.
- More than 2000 young people eagerly answered the young Hamburg student's appeal.
- Hundreds of student's peddled on bikes 120 kilometers in lashing rain and reached Bergen-Belsen.
- They stood in front of one of mass graves and a seventeen year old school girl expressed what all of them felt – Anne was younger than they were when her life was so horribly ended.
- They felt so because others had decided to destroy the Jewish race she belonged to. She also hoped that never again among their people should such a diseased and inhuman hatred arise.

41.

Write on Gandhiji's comments on actions prompted by motive of happiness in another world.

Answer:

An action prompted by the motive of material gain here on earth is non-moral, so also another done for considerations of comfort and personal happiness in another world is non-moral. That action is moral which is done only for the sake of doing good. A great Christian, St. Francis Xavier, passionately prayed that his mind might always remain pure.

For him devotion to God was not for enjoying a higher seat after death. He prayed because it was man's duty to pray. The great Saint Theresa wished to have a torch in her right hand and a vessel of water in her left so that with the one she might bum the glories of heaven and with the other extinguish the fires of hell, and men might learn to serve god from love alone without fear of hell and without temptation of heavenly bliss. To preserve morality thus demands a brave man prepare to face even death. Those who do good out of fear and haltingly have no moral virtue.

OR

Write a short note on the status-quo-episode.

Answer:

The invaders were the English fielders. Things were not so well with them. If there was doubt and confusion among the warriors of Fordenden, there was uncertainly and disorganization among their ranks. Their main trouble was the excessive concentration of their ranks. Their main trouble was the excessive concentration of their force in the neighbourhood of the wicket.

When the blacksmith hit the ball highup in the air, Mr. Hodge, the captain of the English fielding side took a swift glance at the disposition of his troops. He decided that there were for too many in the field, contrary to the thinking of Napoleon, who used to do every thing in his power to call up every available man for a battle.

Mr.Hodge saw that all, except the youth in the blue silk jumper and the mighty Boone, were moving towards, strategical positions underneath the ball, and not one of them appeared to be aware that any of the other existed. Boone did not move as he was exactly in the place where the ball would land. But Boone was not likely to bring off the catch, especially after the episode of the last ball.

Mr. Harcourt had obviously lost sight of the ball as he was running round and round Boone and giggling foolishly. Livingstone and South-cott, were approaching competently because either of them would have caught the ball easily. Mr.Hodge, the captain, had to choose between them. He decided to ask Livingstone to have the catch and yelled 'yours Livingstone', while Southcott, being a disciplined cricketer, stopped in his tracks to let Livingstone catch the ball.

But then, Mr.Hodge, made a fatal mistake. He remembered Living stone two missed catches and reversed his decision and roared at south cott to catch the ball. Mr. Southcott obediently started again, while living stone, who had not heard the second order, went straight on to catch the ball, even though captain Hodge had restored the status quo.

42.

To Wordsworth, nature was a living presence. Pick out any five details from the poem to support this.

Answer:

Wordsworth starts the poem by blaming Mother Nature for coaxing him into stealing the boat. He uses the phrase “led by her” and shows that for him Nature is a living presence. The rocky cave is described as ‘home’- a human dwelling place. When he steals the boat, mountains are said to warn him. This is an example of personification.

One more example of personification is found in the description of the lake as a silent lake. Finally, the peak that seems to follow him is said to have life, power and purpose of its own. Thus we see that, for Wordsworth, Nature is a living presence, and it is a continuous presence.

OR

How does the poet bring out the agony and desperation of the female crane in the poem?

Answer:

The poet brings out the agony and desperation of the female crane by describing her desperate action and grief – stricken cries. The female bird flies in circle crying us to clean our school surroundings .once a week, our efforts are in vain as the households dump their garbage beside our school compound and the panchayat does not regularly lift the garbage.

After a few days unpleasant smell starts emanating from the garbage mounds, have become a breeding ground for desperately. After the hunters leave the scene, she returns to the scene of death and kisses the few feathers left behind after the hunters had carried the male bird away. In her desperation she searches for signs of life in the blood – stained feathers. Her grief is so great that it’s as if nature took pity on her and carried her to her dead mate.

XI. 43. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below: $1 \times 4 = 4$ (2×2)

The Egyptians believed that after people died, they would go to another world. In that world, they thought, people would still need many of the things they had on earth. Their kings had many wonderful treasures and these treasures were buried with them. The kings were not buried in the open ground or in graveyards, but in great buildings or tombs called pyramids, which were built out in the deserts. These pyramids which can still be seen today were made of stone.

Inside there are secret doors which lead to secret passages and then to a secret chamber. There the Pharaoh’s body was preserved, so that it would go on looking the same for thousands of-years. These preserved bodies are called mummies. The pyramids were built by slaves. The slaves who made the secret entrances to the tombs were killed when the work was finished, so as to make sure that they wouldn’t tell others what they know.

Questions :

A. What did the Egyptians believe in ?

Answer:

The Egyptians believed that after people died, they would go to another world.

B. What were the treasures buried in pyramids with the Egyptian kings ?

Answer:

The kings had many wonderful treasures and these treasures were buried with them.

XII. 44. Write an essay of about 18-20 sentences on any one of the following topics: ($1 \times 5 = 5$)

a) Honesty is the best policy

Answer:

We are living in a society, where truth has lost its value. Everyone is surviving on falsehood and treachery. Pretention dominates everywhere. But, amidst such fuss, there are a few people who are blissfully living for they all believe that honesty is best policy. Being truthful provides us happiness.

After all, we all are working for happiness. This could be cultivated from a very young age itself. Usually children show a tendency to take other's items if they find it appealing. If given correct guidance they will not do the same in future. Stealing, lying and cheating all exist in a society because of lack of corrective measures at a proper time. With dishonesty, fear of getting caught grows whereas an honest person fears none. An honest mind can think only of goodness and this will benefit an entire society

b) "Books are our best friends"

Answer:

Reading maketh a man- this proverb truly applicable in a society. Books not only provide us a thorough language, but also wisdom. Books display the culture and social systems existed in a particular period, hence, reading makes us aware about history as well. The advantage of reading is that we are reading not with the eyes but with the mind.

Hence, the knowledge gained will be registered in brain forever. Not only Novels, story books but also biographies as well as auto biographies of great men can influence our life styles and make us live better. If the present society is deteriorating in moral values, one of the reasons could be that reading habit does not exist in many. Reading provides concentration and mental power could be improved. Hence, books are our best friends.

XIII. 45. Imagine you are Rakesh / Raksha studying in Govt High School, Udupi and write a letter to the local government of your area, asking for their assistance in your efforts in keeping your school surrounding clean. ($1 \times 5 = 5$)

11 December 2019

From
Udupi,
Rakesh (class x),
Govt High School,
Udupi.

To
The Panchayath officer
Udupi taluk.

Respected sir,

Sub : Seeking assistance to keep the school surroundings clean

I am the student of government High school, Udupi. I am representing all the students of my school while writing this letter to you. We have a persisting problem regarding the unclean surroundings of our school.

Though our teachers have encouraged us to clean our school surroundings once a week, our efforts are in vain as the households dump their garbage beside our school compound and the panchayat does not regularly lift the garbage.

After a few days unpleasant smell starts emanating from the garbage mounds, have become a breeding ground for mosquitoes and their menace, dogs which come to scavenge on the garbage chase us menacingly and many students have been bitten by them. After the school hours, some anti – social persons carry out dubious activities inside the school premises.

Liquor bottles, condoms, cigarette butts will be strewn about in the school premises. I earnestly plead with you to inspect and take action to stop these activities. So that we can study in a more healthy and peaceful place.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,
Rakesh (class x)
Govt high school, Udupi.

OR

Write a letter to your father telling about your preparation for tests and exams.

11 December 2019
xxxx.

My dear papa,

I hope you are in good health over there. I feel sad that had to go to Mysore on transfer. I really miss you. I am eagerly waiting to join you in the holidays. In your letter last week you had asked me to write to you regarding how I am preparing for my S.S.L.C Annual exams. I am studying seriously for the exams.

I have prepared a timetable for my studies and following them earnestly. I study from 6.00 pm to 10:00 pm everyday. I have finished studying languages and social studies. I need to work upon mathematics and general science. I have assigned two hours daily for studying these subjects. I have revised almost all lessons in both the subjects. In the last week tests my grades have gone up.

I have secured 90 – 95 marks in all the subjects. I hope to raise my grades further and will study harder. I hope you are happy with my progress. I love you papa. I will eagerly wait for your next letter. Convey my best regards to one and all.

Your loving son
xxxx

To,
Mr. Prakash,
No. 64, II Cross, III Main,
Chamarajnagar,
Mysore.

Paper 3 with Answers (1st Language)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

I. Four alternatives are given for the following s. Choose the correct answer and write it along with ' its alphabet. (6 × 1 = 6)

1.

‘Till it bore an apple bright’.

The figure of speech in the line is

- A) Simile
- B) Metaphor
- C) Allusion
- D) Alliteration

Answer:

B) Metaphor

2.

You have read Anne’s Frank’s Diary, _____

The appropriate tag to be added is

- A) have you?
- B) had you?
- C) haven’t you?
- D) you have?

Answer:

C) haven’t you?

3.

I saw a boy who was crying

The underlined group of word is

- A) a noun clause
- B) an adverb clause
- C) an adjective clause
- D) a main clause

Answer:

D) a main clause

4.

I will not talk to him, he applogizes for what he did

The appropriate conjunction to filled in the blank is

- A) until
- B) while
- C) because
- D) unless

Answer:

A) until

5.

I left my books in the class, I will have to _____ and get it.

The correct phrasal verb to be filled in the blank,

- A) go down
- B) go up

C) go back

D) go off

Answer:

C) go back

6.

Put another plate on the table. A friend of mine _____ to lunch.

The appropriate verb form to be filled in the blank is

A) is going to come

B) is coming

C) will be coming

D) must be

Answer:

B) is coming

II. Observe the relationship in the first pair of words and complete the second pair accordingly in the following : ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

7.

Fare : Fair :: Loose :

Answer:

Lose

8.

Successful: unsuccessful :: wrap :

Answer:

unwrap

9.

Jostle : push :: wrath :

Answer:

anger

10.

Rain : pain :: release :

Answer:

realise

III. Rewrite as directed: ($3 \times 1 = 3$)

11.

Change the voice of sentence :

The two countries are signing a treaty.

Answer:

A treaty is being signed by the two countries.

12.

Frame a _____ to get the underlined words as answer :

I am 18 years old

Answer:

How old are you?

13.

Change to reported speech :

Oh! what a beautiful bird.

Answer:

He exclaimed that it was a very beautiful bird.

IV. Answer the following s in a sentence each : (4 × 1 = 4)

14.

What does Basavanna compare his body to?

Answer:

Basavanna compares his body to a shrine.

15.

When, according to Gandhi, can we regard ourselves to have stepped on to the moral road?

Answer:

When we all care only for what out- conscience says, then alone can we be regarded to have stepped on to the moral road.

16.

When does simple living become a moral?

Answer:

Simple living becomes a moral when the wealthy think of all the wants and misery in the world and live a plain simple life and not one of ease and luxury.

17.

Whom does the poet refer to as 'elfin pinnacle'.

Answer:

The boat that he stole.

V. Answer the following s in two – three sentences each : (7 × 2 = 14)

18.

How was Lochinvar greeted by the bride's father when he entered the Netherby Hall ?

Answer:

When Lochinvar entered the Netherby Hall, the bride, Ellen's father was alarmed and stood up with his hand gripping his sword. He asked Lochinvar whether he came there in peace or with an intention of war, or to dance at the bridal.

19.

Why didn't Ellen's father suspect Lochinvar's intentions?

Answer:

Lochinvar's boldly went to Ellen's wedding. When he was confronted by the bride's father, he cunningly tells him that it was true that he had been in love with his daughter, But was denied the opportunity to marry her. Now his love for her is diminished. He had only come to the wedding to drink a cup of wine at the marriage feast.

He claimed that many beautiful maidens who are far more beautiful than Ellen would open-heartedly come to be become his bride. These words of Lochinvar convinced Ellen's father and he never suspected Lochinvar's real intentions.

20.

How is the human body compared to a temple? Why is the speaker comparing the human body to a temple?

Answer:

The legs of the human body are compared to the pillars that are found in the temple. The body houses the soul which is a part of God, hence it is a shrine. Every temple has a Cupola on top of its tower and so the head becomes the Cupola.

The human body houses the soul which is actually a part of God. Just as the God's idol is housed in a temple, the soul is housed in the body, hence the comparison is made thus.

21.

What makes Pierre say that the eels "give themselves up to Gaultier"? What does it tell you about the baker?

Answer:

Pierre implies to say that M. Gaultier was such a professional baker that even the eels would give themselves up to him, amazed and charmed at his skill in baking.

22.

How does Gandhi illustrate that an action is moral which is done only for the sake of doing good?

Answer:

He cites the example of St. Francis Xavier, who prayed passionately to God, that his mind might always remain pure. For him devotion to God was not for enjoying a higher seat after death. He prayed because it was man's duty to pray.

23.

Bring out the humor in this comparison of Boone's stomach and the Spanish Galleon.

Answer:

The writer humourously compares the cricket ball striking Boone's midriff to a red-hot cannon ball striking a Spanish galleon. He describes the sound that came when the ball struck Boone's large stomach to the sound of a drumstick striking upon an insufficiently stretched drum.

24.

How did Ellen express her love towards Lochinvar?

Answer:

Ellen kissed the goblet: a drinking vessel with a foot and a stem: while Lochinvar took it up. He quaffed off: drink deeply or drain in long draughts: then he threw down the cup. Ellen blushed as she looked down and sighed when she looked up. Though tears came to her eyes, yet she smiled with loving lips.

But before her mother could bar her any further, he took her soft hand and told her that both of them should tread a measure: the factor of love by which both are reckoned with.

VI. Rewrite as directed. ($3 \times 2 = 6$)

25.

Change the following sentence to a compound and complex sentence

The old man being weak could not walk properly

Answer:

Compound : The old man was weak therefore he could not walk properly.

Complex : The old man could not walk properly because he was weak.

26.

Change the following sentence to the 'other two degrees of comparison':

Dogs are more faithful than all other animals

Answer:

Positive: No other animals are as faithful as dogs.

Superlative: Dogs are most faithful of all animals.

27.

Combine the following sentences using 'so'

The box is heavy. I cannot lift it.

Answer:

The box is so heavy that I cannot lift it.

VII. Answer the following questions in 5-6 sentences each: ($6 \times 3 = 18$)

28.

At the opening ceremony of Pasteur Institute in Paris, Louis Pasteur talked about the opposing laws. Which are the laws? Which one did he favour?

Answer:

At the opening of the Institute Pasteur in Paris in 1888, Pasteur stated that two opposing laws seemed to him to be in contest against each other. One was the law of blood and death which gave to the world each day new methods of destruction forcing nations to be always ready for the battle. The other law was the law of peace, work and health.

Its aim was to deliver man from the disasters which surrounded him. Whereas the first law encouraged violent conquests, the second law sought relief to mankind. Pasteur was sure that science would obey the law of humanity and would always labour to enlarge the frontiers of life.

29.

Explain the comparisons used by William Shakespeare to describe his aging body.

Answer:

There are four seasons in a year, spring, summer, autumn and winter. The poet Shakespeare believes himself to be in the autumn season, the autumn season is the third season before winter sets in. The poet implies that he is in his old age before he would eventually die.

Similarly, there are four stages in a day, morning, noon, evening and night. The Poet compares himself to the evening stage of the day before night falls.

Again he uses the image of fire which comprises of four stages i.e., the fuel, flame, embers and ash. He states that he is at the ember stage i.e., when the fire eventually dies and forms ashes.

All these comparisons correspond to the various stages in a human being i.e, childhood, youth, old age and death. He imagines himself to be in his old age.

30.

The narrator tried his best to impress that he was normal sighted during his encounter with the girl. Illustrate.

Answer:

- Described – hills of Mussoorie
- Covered with dahlias – delicious sun.
- Roads are quiet almost deserted.
- Asked her to look out of the window – the trees seemed moving
- Remarked that she had an interesting face.

31.

What was John Silver's treacherous plan? How did Jim come to know about it ?

Answer:

- Long John Silver and treacherously planned to kill the skipper, the squire and the doctor once the treasure was found. He would be helped by the ship's coxswain to carry out the plan.
- One evening when Jim went looking for an apple, finding the apple barrel nearby empty he climbed right into it and over heard the conversation.

32.

O. Henry's stories often blend humor and pathos. The description of the card bearing Jim's name is an example of this. Can you identify one more example from 'The Gift of the Magi'?

Answer:

It is humorous to imagine that a poor man like Jim can be the envy of a rich king like king Solomon, with his only prized possession, a gold watch., which is a heirloom of Jim's family.

At the same time it is pathetic that Jim sacrificed his family heirloom to buy the expensive, be jewelled, tortoise shell combs for his beloved wife, Della. While, Della had sold her beautiful knee length brown hair for twenty dollars to buy Jim the Platinum fob chain for his golden watch.

33.

The hopes of the village fell with the resounding fall of their three champions. How?

Answer:

The scores between the English team and the village team was level and there was one wicket to fall. The village team was batting and the blacksmith was the last man in. The first ball he relieved he lashed at wildly straight up into the air. He forgot that he had sprained his leg and the baker was running on his behalf. He called out to Joe, the batsman at the other end and forgot his pain and started running.

Joe ran with his head raised high looking at the hovering ball over his head. The stand – in runner, the baker also started running. All the three were running looking upwards at the hovering ball. Half – way down the pitch the three met with a magnificent clang and fell down upon each other. This dashed the hopes of the village.

OR

“Why do they make good neighbours?”

Answer:

These lines are taken from the poem 'Mending Wall' by Robert Frost. The poet Robert Frost is in a mischievous mind because it is spring time. He would always ask his neighbour why they needed a wall between their houses and his neighbour would always reply 'Good fences make good neighbour's'.

But the poet is of the opinion if there are good neighbours then why is there a need for a good fence. He wonders if he could put this notion in his neighbours mind that 'Why do they make good neighbours if they are not friendly and build a wall to keep one self away from their neighbours.

VIII. Explain with reference to the context: (5 × 3 = 15)

34.

“In me thou see'st the twilight of such day
As after sunset fadeth in the west”

Answer:

These lines occur in Shakespeare's sonnet 'That Time of Year'. The speaker is addressing a friend who loves him. The poet says that if the friend wants to know his present state he should imagine to twilight of a day as the sun has set and the light is fading in the west.

Very soon black night envelop the world and all people go to sleep the same way, the poet's life which may be compared to a day, is nearing its end. Death is approaching just as night takes over from twilight. Death is but endless sleep. That is why the poet refers to it as 'Death's second self'. All people, at last, have to be sealed up in death. It is the eternal rest.

The approach of the end of the day symbolizes the approach of the end of life. Instead of describing the old age of a person 'directly', the poet describes twilight. It is a metaphorical way of making a statement. The sonnet then refers to the love of the friend to whom it is addressed. Love which can continue even into the beloved's old age is of great value indeed. .

35.

"I brought a wrong man into this paradise".

Answer:

This sentence is taken from the lesson 'A wrong man in Workers' Paradise' written by Sri Rabindranath Tagore. This was spoken by the aerial messenger to the elders in the Workers' Paradise'.

While sending the artist to – some place in the Heaven, the aerial Messenger sent him to Workers' Paradise by mistake the man turned the busy, bustling people there into idlers and painters. The elders did not know the reason and called for a meeting. Then the aerial messenger came there and uttered these words.

36.

"The future," he said, "will belong to those who shall have done the most for suffering humanity."

Answer:

- Louis Pasteur, Conqueror of disease – E. H. Carter.
- On Pasteur's 70th Birthday jubilee was celebrated – like a national festival
- Crowded meeting in the great hall of the University of Paris, the old man was too overcome to speak
- His speech was read out – distinguished audience by his son – above line was read out

37.

"What have I done to keep in mind, My debt to her and womankind?"

Answer:

These lines are taken from the poem 'C.L.M' by John Macefield. The poet feels guilty because he thinks that he is in debt to his mother and all women kind for the suffering they undergo when bearing their children and raising them. In spite of all the hardship they undergo nobody appreciates their worth.

They are abused, oppressed, humiliated and dominated by men. So the poet is seeing himself as what he has done to thank them for their sacrifice and also to stop the oppression and humiliation they are subjected by men.

38.

"Why not send someone back for it?"

Lesson : The Pie and the Tart

Author : Hugh Chesterman

Answer:

Said by Marion to her husband, M. Gaultier, the famous baker of Paris. M. Gaultier was going to dine with the mayor. He thinks of taking the eel pie which he had baked last Monday for the dinner. But he feels that it

is below his dignity to be seen carrying the eel pie through the streets of Paris. He asks his wife if she would bring it for him after he leaves for the mayor's house. Marion declines saying that she had too much work to run errands and suggests him to send someone for it.

IX. Quote from memory: ($1 \times 4 = 4$)

39.

He staid not for brake, and he stopp'd not' for stone.

He swam the Eske river where ford there was none

But ere he alighted at Netherby gate

The bride had consented, the gallant came late

OR

And it grew both day and night

Till it bore an apple bright

And My foe beheld it shine

And he knew that it was mine.

X. Answer the following s in seven to eight sentences each : ($3 \times 4 = 12$)

40.

Explain how the hopes of the village, of winning the cricket match, fell with the resounding fall of their three champions.

Answer:

The hopes of the village, of winning the cricket match; fell with the resounding fall of their three champions because they committed blunder after blunder during the match. The blacksmith had .sprained his ankle. The baker was running on his behalf. After the Blacksmith had struck the ball hard, he got excited and forgot about his injured ankle and that he had a runner. He set off to run to the other end.

His runner, the baker also started off after him. The postman at the other end also started running. So there were three batsman running for the run. Joe ran with his head thrown back; eyes on the ball. The blacksmith and the baker too ran with their heads turned upwards and backwards. Halfway down the pitch, the three met with a clang and had a resounding fall and with them, the hopes of the village of winning were dashed.

41.

Write on Gandhiji's comments on actions prompted by motive of happiness in another world.

Answer:

An action prompted by the motive of material gain here on earth is non-moral, so also another done for considerations of comfort and personal happiness in another world is non-moral. That action is moral which is done only for the sake of doing good. A great Christian, St. Francis Xavier, passionately prayed that his mind might always remain pure. For him devotion to God was not for enjoying a higher seat after death. He prayed because it was man's duty to pray.

The great Saint Theresa wished to have a torch in her right hand and a vessel of water in her left so that with the one she might bum the glories of heaven and with the other extinguish the fires of hell, and men might learn to serve god from love alone without fear of hell and Without temptation of heavenly bliss. To preserve morality thus demands a brave man prepare to face even death. Those who do good out of fear and haltingly have no moral virtue.

OR

How did Anne's Diary open the eyes of Germans to the viciousness of racial persecution?

Answer:

The leading actors of the play received dozens of letters from the audience who had seen the play. A Nazi soldier had written "I was a good Nazi, but I never knew what it meant until the other night". The entire classes of German school children signed letters and sent them to Otto Frank, telling him that Anne's diary had opened their eyes to the viciousness of racial persecution.

In West Berlin an Anne Frank Home was opened, devoted to social work for young people. The people of Berlin had chosen her name "to symbolize the spirit of racial and social tolerance" Elsewhere in Germany an organisation was set up; named after Anne Frank, to combat remaining vestiges of Anti-Semitism. In Vienna, money was collected for Anne Frank forest, to be planted in Israel. In March 1957, 2000 students of Hamburg peddled on bikes for 120 kms in lashing rain, to mass graves in Bergen – Belsen, where Anne Frank was buried and laid flowers on the mass graves.

Standing in front of one of the mass graves, a seventeen – year – old school girl expressed what all felt. "Anne Frank was younger than we are when her life was horribly ended. She had to die because others had decided to destroy her race. Never again among our people must such a diseased and inhuman hatred arise.

42.

What were the effects of moving the boat, without the owner's permission, on the mind of the poet?

Answer:

The poet describes his strange experience during his childhood. When he stole and took an unknown shepherd's boat onto an unfamiliar lake. Suddenly he realized that it was an act of stealing and his joy and thrill of adventure was, troubled by a sense of guilt. When the boat moved on, there came echoing sound of warning from the mountains. That's why the poet was guilty of his act of moving the boat is an act of stealth.

The poet stealthily returns the boat back to her usual mooring place at in the willow tree in a cave. He walks back home through the meadows in a grave and serious mood. But the spectacle of the huge peak towering behind him lingered in his mind for many days. His mind was filled with no other thought but of the huge peak.

He could recall no other shapes, nor the pleasant images of trees, sea or sky or the colours of green fields. His every thought and imagination was filled with the huge and mighty lifeless forms of the huge peaks, which moved slowly through his mind like living men, during the day. And every night these huge forms troubled him in his dreams.

OR

How is the sense of guilt and ingratitude of the son brought out in the poem C.L.M?

Answer:

The poet John Masefield recalls the sacrifices made by his mother which has now made him a man. He feels sad that his mother cannot see him now because she was dead. Even if she were to come alive* from the grave they would not be able to recognise each other. The poet regrets that he has not repaid the debt to his Mother for bringing him to life in spite of all the suffering and pain, she had to undergo while giving him birth.

The poet feels a sense of guilt he has not been able to repay her and also to women in general. The poet thinks that he is also to blame for the fact that men are considered superior to women for he has not done anything about it. The poet does not want his mother to come alive as he is ashamed to show his face to her.

XI. 43. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below : $1 \times 4 = 4 (2 \times 2)$

About a decade ago, Luis Alvarez, a Nobel Prize winner and his son Walter Alvarez, a geologist shocked the world with a new theory to explain why the dinosaurs disappeared from the face of the earth. They claimed that an asteroid, 10 kms wide, thundered into the earth 66 million years ago making large number of animals including the dinosaurs extinct.

Scientists have proposed many theories for the dinosaur's extinction. These include volcanic eruptions, vast forest fires, and acid rain.

s :

A. Who shocked the world with a new theory to explain the extinction of dinosaurs from the earth ?

Answer:

Luis Alvarez, a Nobel Prize winner and his son Walter Alvarez, a geologist.

B. What did they advocate ?

Answer:

Scientists have proposed many theories for the dinosaur's extinction. These include volcanic eruptions, vast forest fires, and acid rain.

XII. 44. Write an essay of about 18-20 sentences on any one of the following topics: ($1 \times 5 = 5$)

a) Measures to improve road safety

Answer:

Everyday many people are involved in road accidents. Some are killed. Many more are injured or maimed. So it is important for us to learn to use the roads properly and safely. As the roads are very busy nowadays*we should be very careful when crossing one. It is safer to use a pedestrian crossing or an overhead bridge wherever one is available. Never cross a road by dashing across it. That is inviting trouble.

If there are no crossings, then we must look carefully right and left and cross only when it is safe to do so. It is important that we do not try to get on or off a bus while it is still moving. Using a bicycle can be dangerous too. We must pay attention on the road and never cycle too far out to the middle of the road. We must obey all traffic rules. Also we must make sure our bicycles are in good condition with working brakes, lights etc. These are some things we can do to avoid accidents.

The important thing is to stay alert at all times while using the roads. We must know what is happening around us. In that way we can take necessary action to avoid danger whenever we see one. Road safety is very much up to how we use the roads. Use them carefully and we may be able to use them for a long time.

b) Role of children in preventing corruption

Answer:

Children are the future citizens. If you take historical evidences, children of all community have played a significant role in the upgradation of the society. They are innocent, yet to learn the crookedness of an adult. If handled and guided carefully, they can indeed form a firm foundation for a strong, sincere society. They can organize groups to fight corruption and can take oath that they would not indulge in such heinous activities.

They can use their knowledge for the benefit of the society and work sincerely for the benefit of the poor. Their youth and energetic nature could be used for bringing massive changes in the present corrupt ridden minds.

XIII. 45. Imagine you are Rakesh / Raksha studying in Govt High School, Udupi and write a letter to the local government of your area, asking for their assistance in your efforts in keeping your school surrounding

clean. (1 x 5 = 5)

Answer:

11 Dec.....

From
Udupi
Rakesh (class x)
Govt High School
Udupi.

To
The Panchayath officer
Udupi taluk.

(Sub : seeking assistance to keep the school surroundings clean)

Dear sir,

I am a student of government High school, Udupi. I am representing all the students of my school while writing this letter to you. We have a persisting problem regarding the unclean surroundings of our school. Though our teachers have encouraged us to clean our school surroundings once a week, our efforts are in vain as the households dump their garbage beside our school compound and the panchayat does not regularly lift the garbage.

After a few days unpleasant smell starts emanating from the garbage mounds, have become a breeding ground for mosquitoes and their menace, dogs which come to scavenge on the garbage chase us menacingly and many students have been bitten by them. After the school hours, some anti – social persons carry out dubious activities inside the school premises.

Liquor bottles, condoms, cigarette butts will be strewn about in the school premises. I earnestly plead with you to inspect and take action to stop these activities. So that we can study in a more healthy and peaceful place.

Thanking you.

Yours sincerely
Rakesh (class x)
Govt high school, Udupi.

OR

Write a letter to your father telling about your preparation for tests and exams.

Answer:

11 Dec
XXXX.

My dear papa,

I hope you are in good health over there. I feel sad that had to go to Mysore on transfer. I really miss you. I am eagerly waiting to join you in the holidays. In your letter last week you had asked me to write to you regarding how I am preparing for my S.S.L.C Annual exams. I am studying seriously for the exams. I have prepared a time – table for my studies and following them earnestly. I study from 6.00 pm to 10:00pm everyday. I have finished studying languages and social studies.

I need to work upon mathematics and general science. I have assigned two hours daily for studying these subjects. I have revised almost all lessons, in both the subjects. In the last weeks tests my grades have gone

up. I have secured 90 – 95 marks in all the subjects. I hope to raise my grades further and will study harder. I hope you are happy with my progress. I love you papa. I will eagerly wait for you next letter.

Your loving son,
xxxx

Paper 4 with Answers (1st Language)

Time: 3 Hours
Max Marks: 100

I. Four alternatives are given for the following s. Choose the correct answer anti write it along with its alphabet. ($6 \times 1 = 6$)

1.

‘Love swells like the Solway but ebbs like its tide’. The figure of speech here is.

The figure of speech in the line is

- A) Metaphor
- B) Simile
- C) Personification
- D) Alliteration

Answer:

B) Simile

2.

You are getting down at Mussorie, _____

The appropriate tag to be added is

- A) do you?
- B) don't you
- C) are you
- D) aren't you

Answer:

D) aren't you

3.

I went to see what had happened

The underlined group of word is

- A) a noun clause
- B) an adverb clause
- C) an adjective clause
- D) a main clause

Answer:

A) a noun clause

4.

The staff co – operated _____ the management to increase production.

The appropriate preposition to be filled in the blank is

- A) with
- B) for
- C) by
- D) to

Answer:

- A) with

5.

This encouraging explanation has given him the will to _____ with his duties with enthusiasm.

The correct phrasal verb to be filled in the blank is

- A) catch up with
- B) carry on
- C) call in
- D) call up

Answer:

- B) carry on

6.

The boys _____ for a picnic. They are not here.

The appropriate verb form to be filled in the blank is

- A) had gone
- B) were gone
- C) have gone
- D) are going

Answer:

- C) have gone

II. Observe the relationship in the first pair of words and complete the second pair accordingly in the following : ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

7.

Satisfied: Dissatisfied:: Satisfactory:

Answer:

un/dis-satisfactory

8.

Archer : Archery:: carpenter :

Answer:

carpentry

9.

Weak : week :: seen :

Answer:

scene

10.

Kidneys : urologist:: Nerves :

Answer:
Neurologist

III. Rewrite as directed : ($3 \times 1 = 3$)

11.
Change the voice of sentence :
A fire destroyed the whole village.
Answer:
The whole village Was destroyed by a fire.

12.
Frame a to get the underlined words as answer :
He is playing in the garden.
Answer:
Where is he playing?

13.
Change to reported speech :
She said, "Be quiet. The baby is sleeping".
Answer:
She asked me to be quiet because the baby was sleeping.

IV. Answer the following s in a sentence each : ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

14.
What did Drona seek from Buttoo as recompense?
Answer:
Buttoo's right – hand thumb.

15.
What is the supreme happiness that Louis Pasteur talks about?
Answer:
The supreme happiness is" the contribution in some measure to the progress and welfare of humanity.

16.
What is the single mean act of Daniel Webster that is mentioned by Gandhi?
Answer:
Daniel Webster's mean act was that he sold his intellectual integrity for a price.

17.
When does the mending of the wall takes place.
Answer:
The mending of the wall takes place in spring.

V. Answer the following s in two – three sentences each : ($7 \times 2 = 14$)

18.
How does the poet contrast the deaths of the male and tire female cranes?
Answer:
In the poem 'To a pair of Sams Cranes' The poet describes that the male Sams Crane was shot in the neck

by the hunters. When it fell dead to the ground, the hunters callously picked up the bird by its broken neck and stuffed it into a coarse bag as if they were stuffing dirty clothes into a laundry bag. The female Crane saw its mate's death. It was filled with a sorrow she had never experienced.

It circled the sky as if saying grace to her male partner. When the killers went away, she came to the spot where its mate was shot dead and cried in dots and pits. She kissed a few feathers lying there with her beak and sat on them as if she wanted to hatch the blood stained feathers, and bring him back to life. She sat on the feathers and pinned away to her death.

19.

Why does the writer say that the model of development based on consumerism is suicidal?

Answer:

The writer says that the model of development based on consumerism is suicidal, because any model of development based on simulating high consumption life – styles through aggressive advertising and limitless market expansion is not only unsustainable but also highly dangerous for the well – being of humanity. The price paid in ecological terms will make it the most suicidal enterprise the human race has ever embarked upon.

20.

What arguments does Gandhiji give to justify that a moral act should be free from fear and compulsion?

Answer:

It is only a selfish, and not moral, of an employer to sympathize with his employees or to pay them higher wages lest they leave him. It would be moral if the employer wished well of them and treated them kindly realizing how he owed his prosperity to them. This means that for an act to be moral it has to be free from fear and Compulsion.

21.

What thrills the present day Indian shoppers?

Answer:

Brightly lit shopping centers overflowing with all kinds of goods and baubles have sprouted up all over the country, even in the smaller towns. At last, say thrilled shoppers, we are beginning to get the kind of choice that people in the West have enjoyed for a long time.

22.

Why does Indra offer a boon to Karna? What is the boon?

Answer:

After accepting the gift, he praised Karna as having done what no one else would do, and shamed into generosity, bade Karna ask for any boon he wanted. He granted, his weapon the Shakti which was a very powerful weapon.

23.

How does Jim manage to escape to the island?

Answer:

Jim hid himself aboard the boat that rowed ashore, and as soon as the coast was clear, made a run for the shelter of the nearby undergrowth. He was delighted that no one appeared to have seen him, and soon began to enjoy the unfamiliar feeling of being all on his own.

24.

What other lies does Lochinvar tell Ellen's father?

Answer:

Lochinvar boldly replied that he long wooed the Lord's daughter, his rightful suit was denied. The love that

swells like the Solway, but ebbs: like its tide: declining like the movement of the tide out to the sea: and now he has come with his love lost only to lead for but one measure and that is to drink one cup of wine, at the marriage feast. For in truth there are still many beautiful maidens in Scotland who are more beautiful than the fair Ellen, who would open heartedly become a bride for him.

VI. Rewrite as directed. ($3 \times 2 = 6$)

25.

Change the following sentence to a simple and complex sentence

The culprit ran away otherwise he would have been arrested.

Answer:

Simple : The culprit ran away to escape his arrest.

Complex : The culprit escaped being arrested by running away.

26.

Change the following sentence to the other two degrees of comparison :

Tennyson is one of the greatest poets in English

Answer:

Positive : Few other poets in English are as great as Tennyson.

Comparative : Tennyson is greater than most other poets in English.

27.

Combine the following sentences using neither / nor

He is a fool. He is a madman.

Answer:

He is neither a fool nor a madman.

VII. Answer the following s in 5-6 sentences each : ($6 \times 3 = 18$)

28.

What does the writer say about the rain – fed tanks?

Answer:

One of the most remarkable facts about water is its power to carry silt in suspension.

This is the origin of the characteristic colour of the water in rain fed tanks. The soil formed by silt thus deposited is very fertile. The flow of water can also play a destructive part and wash away the soil which is the foundation of all agriculture. If it is allowed to proceed unchecked, it will show the most disastrous effects on the life of our country.

29.

How was Ben left marooned on the island.

Answer:

Ben had returned on another ship to look for the treasure three years back, but when they could not find it, his shipmates left him marooned on the island.

30.

How does Sir C. V. Raman show that water is the real elixir of life ?

Answer:

- Every animal, plant contains water in its body.
- No physiological activity possible
- Moisture of soil is essential for plants and trees

- Agriculture depends on water
- Production of hydro-electricity
- Inland waterways.

31.

Why does the writer call the catchy phrase 'shop till you drop' apt and ironic.

Answer:

According to the writer the catchy phrase 'Shop till you drop' is catchy and also ironic. The consumer goods companies spend huge amounts of money on advertisements to persuade people to become buying machines incapable of judging how much of the items they buy are really needed by them.

It is ironic that shopping now is a form of entertainment rather than a need. People spend nearly half their leisure time, shopping. People consider that they are heading a good – life by the measure of the abundance of materials in their possession.

32.

'This thou perceiv'st _____
_____ ere long'

How is this couplet a fitting conclusion to the three quatrains?

Answer:

The poet characterizes the nature of what he perceives to be his old age. He tells his dear friend that his age is like that 'time of year' – late autumn, when the trees are bereft of leaves and singing birds. His age is like late twilight and before long the remaining light will slowly extinguish to give way to darkness.

The poet compares himself to the glowing remnants of a fire which lies on the ashes of his youth i.e., on the ashes of the logs that once enabled it to burn and which will be extinguished to ashes, which its own burning had created.

The poet tells his friend, a young man that he must perceive these things. Which would make his love more strong. Shakespeare wishes that his friend perceives that life is short and hence love must be strong, and the intensity of love will grow with time.

33.

Why didn't the fellow Cyclops help Polyphemus when he cried out for help?

Answer:

Ulysses had cunningly told the Cyclops that his name was Noman. When they drove the burning stake into the Cyclops' eye he woke up and roared with the pain so loud that all the cavern broke into claps like thunder. He cried out with a mighty voice for his brother Cyclops. Hearing his terrible shout, they came flocking for all over the island to inquire what ailed Polyphemus, and what cause he had for making such horrid clamours in the night time to break their sleep.

From within the cave, Polyphemus answered that Noman had hurt him, Noman had killed him, Noman was with him in the cave. Hearing this they replied that if no man had hurt him, and no man was with him inside his cave, the evil which affected him was from the Hand of Heaven, which none could resist or help. So they left him and went their way, thinking that some disease troubled him.

OR

How does the poet justify this wrong?

Answer:

It was Lord Krishna that incited Arjuna to kill Kama when he was vainly trying to raise his chariot out of the mud in which it had stuck. According to the code of honour and laws of war prevailing then, it was wholly wrong. But the fight between Arjuna and Kama was a fight between good and evil and evil had to be

defeated ultimately. Lord Krishna urged Arjuna to kill Karna as it was his duty and the act of killing Karna could be considered as an act of God as God himself had sanctioned the death of Karna.

VIII. Explain with reference to the context: ($5 \times 3 = 15$)

34.

Egypt, in fact, was made by its river.

Answer:

The words “Egypt, in fact, was made by its river” is extracted from the essay ‘The Elixir of Life’ by C. V. Raman. The writer explains the important role of water in our life. He refers to the River Nile, and goes on to explain that the entire soil of the Nile valley is the creation of the river Nile. The flood waters from Abyssinia and Central Africa had brought down the finest silt. Egypt and its ancient civilization was created and sustained by the river Nile.

35.

What woman’s happier life repays Her for those months of wretched days?

Answer:

- These lines are extracted from the poem ‘CLM’ by John Masefield.
- Here the poet remembers his Mother’s joy while he was growing up into a man. He imagines the pain and sufferings that his mother underwent during child birth. Hence he feels indebted to her and to all women in general.
- He feels sorry that he cannot repay her sacrifice by doing anything for the women of the world.

36.

“Will you buy my hair?”

Answer:

- Gift of the Magi – O. Henry
- Della asked – Madame Sofronie, who bought hair.
- Money saved by Della was not sufficient to buy a Christmas gift for her husband Jim.
- Decided to sell her hair.

37.

“Stay where you are until our backs are turned”.

Answer:

These lines are taken from the poem ‘Mending Wall’ by Robert Frost. The narrator addresses the ‘Wall’ constructed between his and his neighbour’s property. He playfully orders the ‘wall’ to stay there until he and his neighbour go back to their houses i.e., is to mean to go back to their old ways of not speaking or acknowledging each other having mended the wall.

The ‘wall’ is a symbol of a ‘barrier’ between the narrator and his neighbour. It prevents them to interact with each other in a friendly manner. They have built a ‘wall’ in their mind and that wall is preventing them from being friendly.

38.

“Teach him to have faith in his own idea”

Poem : Abraham Lincoln’s letter to his son’s teacher

Poet : Abraham Lincoln

Answer:

Abraham Lincoln, the sixteenth president of USA had written a letter to his son’s teacher in the form of a

poem. In the letter he requests the teacher to teach his son the qualities that can make his son grow up into a good man.

He asks his teacher to teach his son to have faith in his own ideas, even if everyone tells him that they are wrong because it leads to his development as an independent individual. who can think of original ideas and not follow the easy beaten path of life.

IX. Quote from memory: ($1 \times 4 = 4$)

39.

I was angry with my friend :

I told my wrath, my wrath did end.

I was angry with my foe :

I told it not, my wrath did grow.

OR

'I long woo'd your daughter, my suit
you denied :

Love swells like the Solway, but ebbs
like its tide –

And now am I come with this lost love
of mine.

To lead but one measure, drink one
cup of wine.

There are maidens in Scotland more
lovely by far.

That would gladly be bride to the young
Lochinvar.

X. Answer the following s in seven to eight sentences each : ($3 \times 4 = 12$)

40.

Why should any model of development based on high consumption and limitless market expansion prove to be highly dangerous?

Answer:

Any model of development based on high consumption life-styles through aggressive advertising and limitless market expansion is unsustainable. It is also highly dangerous for the well-being of humanity. The price paid in ecological terms will make it the most suicidal enterprise the human race has ever embarked upon. For such development, the resources of planet Earth will prove horribly inadequate.

We would need at least another three planets. It is clear then that this consumer paradise, aggressively marketed by giant global corporations will pave the way for an ecological holocaust and prove to be the most unworldly vision of all.

41.

What precautions does Abraham Lincoln want his son to learn in school, while dealing with different kinds of people in the society?

Answer:

- To be positive and optimistic
- To be able to accept failure and defeat
- To be able to appreciate what are beyond human understanding.

- To have faith and belief in oneself
- Not to tread the beaten track
- Not being gullible
- To be able to discriminate the right from the wrong
- Not being gullible
- To be positive and optimistic
- To be able to accept failure and defeat
- To have faith and belief in oneself
- To be able to appreciate what are beyond human
- To be able to discriminate the right from the understanding wrong
- Not to tread the beaten track

OR

How does the poet bring out the intense love of the female sarus crane towards its partner?

Answer:

The poem vividly explains how a female sarus crane expresses her deep emotions for her dead male partner. It is similar to the emotions of human beings. When its male partner was killed by the hunters, the female crane was filled with a sorrow she had never ever experienced. She went insane with sorrow and circled the sky in movements of grace over the disgraceful end of her male partner.

After her killers went away, she returned to the place where he was shot and started crying in dots and dots and expressed her sorrow. She kissed a few feathers lying there with her beak and sat on them to hatch the blood stained feathers. This suggests the desperation of the female bird who had lost her sense in her grief and tries to make the impossible, possible.

The female Sarus crane then refused to have food or water and pined away for her dead male partner and eventually died of sorrow and starvation.

42.

Narrate any three humorous situations that took place in the village cricket match.

Answer:

The ball struck by the Sexton went straight and hit Boone's stomach like a red hot cannon ball on a Spanish galleon. Boone was angry because he had not intended to catch the ball and had been hurting badly as the ball had hit him in the stomach.

Blacksmith had a sprained ankle and on behalf of him baker was the runner and on the other end was Joe. After the blacksmith had struck the ball hard. He got excited and forgot about his injured ankle and that he had a runner. He set off to run to the other end. His runner too started off after him. The Postman at the other end also started running. So there were three batsmen running for a run.

The blacksmith and the baker, also very naturally ran with their heads turned not only upwards but also backwards as well, so that they too gazed at the ball, with an alarming sort of squint and a truly terrific kink in their necks.

When the Blacksmith hit the ball high up in the air all the fielders except Boone, moved toward the ball. Mr. Harcourt had obviously lost sight of the ball and was running around Boone giggling foolishly. Livingstone and Southcott were approaching the ball competently because either one of them would have caught the ball easily. The captain, Mr. Hodge decided to ask Livingstone to have the catch and yelled 'Yours Livingstone'.

Hearing this Southcott stopped in his tracks. Mr. Hodge then remembered Livingstone's two missed catches and reversed his decision and roared at Southcott to catch the ball. Mr. Southcott obediently started again,

while Livingstone, who had not heard the second order, went straight on to catch the ball, even though the captain Hodge had restored the status quo.

OR

Explain the views expressed by the writer on the tragic comedy of development.

Answer:

The writer, Cheriyan Alexander, comments that it is deep irony that private prosperity is growing, but tragically there is an inexorable impoverishment of the resources that belong to the public realm. Although an amazing variety of sleek car models are available to choose from, the roads in our cities are in pretty bad shape and getting worse.

Public lung spaces such as parks and play grounds are rapidly turning into fashionable luxury resorts for the affluent of the services in the public domain such as transportation, health care, libraries and education have been pushed into the private realm so that some company or the other can make a profit on them. In the process, the poor are being pushed into becoming consumers of increasingly, expensive goods and utilities.

Consumerism has been drummed up as “development” by agencies like the world bank, whose main objective is to make the way smooth for the unbridled expansion of the so- called “free market” economy into every corner of the globe.

The writer calls such ‘development’ a tragic – comedy because the proponents of such ‘development’ dream of a day when all of India will look like the United states with two cars in every garage and the reassuring glow of

McDonald and Pepsi signs all along every high way. This ‘development’ can be ironically confirmed when the sheer tonnage of the garbage we throw out – Plastic cups, junked cars, refrigerators and T.V. sets – matches the level that in America.

When this happens we will no longer be a ‘developing country’ but will be certified as ‘developed’ by the Americans, who have been our teachers and role models. To actualize this vision, millions of Indian youth are rushing to get their MBA degrees.

XI. 43. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below : $1 \times 4 = 4 (2 \times 2)$

Tia Geminiuc, an insurance wholesaler, was making a quick stop at a chemist when she overheard an elderly woman asking for directions to a nursing home. Geminiuc tried to explain the route by city bus but it was clear that the trip would be complicated. So she said to the woman. “If you wouldn’t mind, I would like to drive you there”.

Doing so would take her out of her way and make her late for an important meeting with a client, but Geminiuc believes in reaching out. “The feeling you get from making someone’s day is something you can’t purchase,” she says.

Heading to the nursing home, the older woman explained that she was going to see her husband. “Because I gave her a lift, she got to spend an extra two hours with him,” says Geminiuc. “At that moment, she needed me more than anyone else did.”

It’s lovely to think that we do good deeds simply because we like making someone’s day, but there must be a deeper motive at play. Human behaviours have evolved over thousands of generations and do not persist unless they support our survival. “Natural selection minimizes any behaviour that supports others but is costly to us – unless there are compensating benefits,” says a Canadian Psychologist.

Questions :

A. What extra benefit did the old lady get by the good deed of Geminiuc?

Answer:

The old lady got to spend an extra two hours with her husband, at the hospital.

B. What did Tia Geminiuc overhear?

Answer:

Tia Geminiuc overheard an elderly woman asking for directions to a nursing home.

XII. 44. Write an essay of about 18-20 sentences on any one of the following topics: ($1 \times 5 = 5$)

a) Television a companion and spoiler

Answer:

Television, popularly known as fool's box, has out lived its nick name. It has not only an important member of our family now who gives us company when we are alone, but also a knowledge box. In the present world of nuclear families, where no one has time for any one, children and adults equally depend on this magic box. The entertainment it brings to our otherwise boring days is incomparable.

News channels bring us worldwide happenings to our home and channels like NGC and Discovery bring the world of animals and plants to our visiting room. Serials relieve house wives of their loneliness and devotional programmes soothes the minds of our grandparents.

But, as a coin has two sides, even this 'magic box' has its disadvantages. Children getting addicted to cartoon channels, house wives getting addicted to serials and youth getting influenced by entertainment channels have become a social issue. This wonder box has made us its slave to such an extent that we are not able to be free from its clutches. Its influence started affecting the once warm relations. If used wisely and judiciously, I think TV can remain as our companion.

b) Folk dances of India

Answer:

India is land of diversity. It is unique in having a wide range of art forms across the country which nourished our culture. The main folk dance forms of India are, Dappu in Andrapradesh, Ponung, Dafla in Arunachal Pradesh, Jadur in Bihar, Dhangar in Goa, Phagun in Haryana, Kud in Jammu and Kashmir, Tirayattam in Kerala, Bhoota in Karnataka, Hazong in Meghalaya, Baredi in Madhya Pradesh, Lezim in Maharashtra, Thisham in Manipur, Teri chha in Nagland, Koya in Odisha, Bhangra in Panjab, Dandia in Rajasthan, Kavadi in Tamil Nadu, Hazagiri in Tripura, Jagar in Uttar Pradesh and Nak Cheng Rennie in West Bengal.

XIII. 45. Imagine you are Pallavi / Kiran studying in government High School, Bellary. Write a letter to your friend about the election conducted in your school for 'School Parliament'. ($1 \times 5 = 5$)

Answer:

Pallavi / Kiran
Government High School
Bellary.

My dear friend,

Hai, how are you? I am fine and I am expecting the same from you. How is your study?

I want to inform one very interesting thing that had happened in our school. As usual for our 'School Parliament' the election was conducted. Canvas, and Pamphlets were prohibited. Only one week duration we had to work hard for that only after the school hours. What a great surprise! I am elected as a president. I am happy and decided to work hard.

Convey my best regards to one and all.

Yours loving friend
Pallavi / Kiran

To
Dilip . M
S/O Manjunath,
No – 86, II Cross, III Stage
Banashankari
Bangalore – 560 085

OR

Write a letter to the officer, Bellary Corporation, complaining about bad roads in your area.

From
ABC
No. 65, III Cross, II main ‘
Basavanagar,
Bellary.

To
The Divisional Officer,
Bellary Corporation
Bellary

Respected Sir,
Sub : Repair of bad roads

I am compelled to write to you on behalf of our area ie., Basavanagara. Almost all the roads in our area have pot holes. During rainy season it is very difficult to walk or ride on the road. I and all our area people request you to take immediate remedial measures to provide good roads for us. I hope you will act on our plea as soon as possible and help us.

Thanking you Sir,

Yours faithfully
ABC

Paper 5 with Answers (1st Language)

Time: 3 Hours
Max Marks: 100

I. Four alternatives are given for the following s. Choose the correct answer and write it along with its alphabet (6 × 1 = 6)

- s 1.
‘For every scoundrel there is a hero’. The figure of speech is
The figure of speech in the line is
A) Antithesis
B) Oxymoron
C) Personification
D) Metaphor

Answer:

A) Antithesis

s 2.

It's a beautiful view, _____

The appropriate tag to be added is

A) is it?

B) isn't it

C) aren't it?

D) does it?

Answer:

B) isn't it

3.

I shall remain where I am

The underlined group of word is

A) a noun clause

B) an adverb clause

C) an adjective clause

D) a main clause

Answer:

B) an adverb clause

4.

I am angry with him _____ his carelessness.

The appropriate preposition to be filled in the blank is

A) on

B) to

C) for

D) at

Answer:

C) for

5.

I think he will not be able to _____ this difficult schedule.

The correct phrasal verb to be filled in the blank is

A) look forward to

B) keep up with

C) keep on

D) break through

Answer:

B) keep up with

6.

He _____ the bell for five minutes.

But on one opened the door. The appropriate verb form to be filled in the blank is

A) has been ringing

B) will have been ringing

C) will ring

D) had been ringing

Answer:

A) has been ringing

II. Observe the relationship in the first pair of words and complete the second pair accordingly in the following : ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

7.

Some : sum : Hair :

Answer:

Hare

8.

Success : successfully :: courage :

Answer:

courageously

9.

Argue : Argument : laugh :

Answer:

Laughter

10.

Symbol: symbolize:: Appeal:

Answer:

Appealing

III. Rewrite as directed: ($3 \times 1 = 3$)

11.

Change the voice of sentence :

Nagaraj painted the entire house

Answer:

The entire house was painted by Nagaraj.

12.

Frame a to get the underlined words as answer :

My mother will help me with my lessons.

Answer:

Who will help you?

13.

Change to reported speech :

He said, "Do you know how to report what somebody else said?"

Answer:

He said me if I knew how to report what somebody else had told me.

IV. Answer the following s in a sentence each : ($4 \times 1 = 4$)

14.

What was the 'cheering sight' mentioned by Sir. C.V. Raman?

Answer:

The rain fed tanks are a cheering sight when they are full. Rainfed tanks are a common sight in South – India.

15.

What was the only one fault that Pierre finds with the eel pie?

Answer:

Pierre thinks that the pie had but one fault, its singularity, there was one one pie, there should have been at least two to satisfy their hunger.

16.

The writer says that the platinum chain like Jim. How?

Answer:

The platinum chain was like Jim, quiteness and value the description applied to both.

17.

Would it be possible for the poet to met his mother in the poem ‘C.L.M’. Why?

Answer:

No, because the poet’s, mother is dead.

V. Answer the following s in two – three sentences each : ($7 \times 2 = 14$)

18.

What was Gaultier’s excuse for not carrying the eel pie to the Mayor’s house himself ?

Answer:

Gaultier was a pompous, conceited and proud man. He tells his wife that he can’t be seen carrying an eel pie through the streets of Paris.

19.

What does Anne’s diary reveal about her father and her mother?

Answer:

Ann Frank’s dairy reveals that her father was a businessman. Mr. Otto Frank had a warm personality. His staff admired his courage and the evident care he took to give his daughters a good education. Anne trusted her father.

The diary also reveals that Anne lacked the daughterly love for her mother with whom she felt she had nothing in common and that her mother does not understand her.

20.

All good actions need not be moral acts. When does a good action become a moral act? Give an example.

Answer:

It is not enough that an act done by us is in itself good; it should have been done with the intention to do good. That is to say, whether an act is moral or otherwise depends upon the intention of the doer. Two men may have done exactly the same thing; but the act of one may be moral, and that of the other the contrary.

Take, for instance, a man who out of great pity feeds the poor and another who does the same, but with the motive of winning prestige or with some such selfish end. Though the action is the same, the act of the one is moral and that of the other non-moral.

21.

Why were the three batsmen running for a run?

Answer:

Blacksmith had a sprained ankle and on behalf of him, baker was the runner and on the other end was Joe. After the blacksmith had struck the ball hard. He got excited and forgot about his injured ankle and that he had a runner. He set off to run to the other end. His runner too started off after him. The Postman at the other end also started running. So there were three batsmen running for a run.

22.

What does Shakespeare refer to as "Death's second – self".

Answer:

Shakespeare refers 'black night' or 'sleep' to 'Death's second – self'. It also refers to sleep as 'The death of each day's life'.

23.

What was John Silver's treacherous plan?

Answer:

Long John silver and treacherously planned to kill the skipper, the squire and the doctor once the treasure was found. He would be helped by the ship's coxswain to carry out the plan.

24.

How strong was the Greek wine?

Answer:

The Greek wine which was stored in twelve great vessels, so strong that no one ever drank it without an infusion of twenty part of water to one wine yet the fragrance of it even then so delicious, that it would have vexed a man who smelled it to abstain from tasting it; but whoever tasted it, it was able to raise his courage to the height of heroic deeds.

VI. Rewrite as directed. ($3 \times 2 = 6$)

25.

Change the following sentence to a compound and complex sentence:

The teacher praised the boy for his intelligence.

Answer:

Compound : The boy was intelligent, so the teacher praised him.

Complex : The boy was intelligent and the teacher praised him.

26.

Change the following sentence to the other two degrees of comparison :

Greenland is the largest island.

Answer:

Positive : No other island is as large as Greenland.

Comparative : Greenland is larger than any other island.

27.

Combine the following sentences using either / or

You can go by bus. You can go by auto

Answer:

You can either go by bus or auto.

VII. Answer the following questions in 5-6 sentences each : ($6 \times 3 = 18$)

28.

Why had the doctor given the pirates the stockade and the treasure map?

Answer:

The doctor had realized that the treasure map was useless because he found out that Ben Gunn had already found the treasure and the ship had vanished. Since it was impossible for both their team to escape from the island he gave up the treasure map to the pirates. He was sure all of them would die of malaria.

29.

Why are the gifts of Della and Jim compared to those of the Magi?

Answer:

In his story "The Gift of the Magi," the magi can be compared to Jim and Della because they all sacrifice so much in obtaining and giving their chosen gifts. The Magi gave very expensive ore, metals, and oils to the baby Jesus while also traveling for years to find him. Jim and Della are like the magi by this same token because they both sacrifice something very dear to them in order to obtain and give their gifts.

To Jim, his family watch was priceless; and to Della, her hair symbolized the time and care it takes to maintain such long locks, but also represented her femininity and role as a young bride. Authors use allusions, or parallels, such as these to drive home a connection between the characters and universal human truth. Part of the conclusion that can be drawn between the title and the story is that no matter how wealthy or poor a person is, giving a gift with love is the most precious of sentiments; and, you don't have to be magi to give a gift that matters.

30.

What is the 'deep irony' about the tragic comedy of development? Substantiate your answer with two examples.

Answer:

- Irony : While pockets of private prosperity are growing, there is an inexorable impoverishment of the resources that belong to the public realm.
- Ex 1: There is an amazing variety of sleek new car models to choose from but the roads are in bad shape.
- Ex 2 : Fashionable luxury resorts for the affluent are coming up everywhere whereas lung spaces for public use parks and playgrounds are shrinking.

31.

Why does the poet identify with the images of 'autumn' and 'evening' in the poem 'That Time of Year'?

Answer:

The poet identifies himself with 'autumn' and evening because he is no longer young a season when leaves on trees turn yellow (old) and fall down to earth. Thus the poet implies that he is getting weak with age and someday in the near future fall down i.e., he would die, similar to the yellow leaf that falls down to the earth. He compares himself to 'evening' since he is 'aged', i.e, he is in the evening of his life and would pass into 'night' 'death's second self'. He would die.

32.

There are two worlds – the world of the idler artist and the world of the inhabitants of the Workers' Paradise. Which world is better? Why do you feel so?

Answer:

I feel that when the two worlds come together, they can make it a better place for men to live, because one world is of Artistic Pleasures and the other is of work and no relaxation. Workers do not have time to appreciate art. The artists world is full of whims and fancies, colourful, creative and full of recreation, but it lacks utility. When these two worlds come together they can make it a better place to live when beauty goes along with utility.

33.

Give any two examples of Jim's act of bravery.

Answer:

When the ship anchored at the Treasure Island, Long John Silver took his crew ashore. Six of the pirates were left on the ship to keep an eye on it. Jim instinctively hid himself aboard the boat that rowed ashore, and as soon as the coast was clear, made a run for the shelter of the nearby undergrowth.

In his next act of bravery Jim armed himself with a pistol and made his way to the seashore. He found the small, home made boat that Ben Gunn had told him about. He paddled out to the Hispaniola. He heard the drunken shouting voices of the pirates. He fearlessly cut through the ship's mooring ropes and set it adrift. The rising tide swept his small boat away from the ship.

Jim was helpless and decided to spend the night sleeping in the small boat. Next morning, as he was drifting, near by, he found that the Hispaniola was deserted. He hurriedly paddled over to it and boarded the ship. He took the wheel of the ship and steered it to a creek in the north of Treasure island. When a lone pirate aboard the ship tried to attack him with a knife he shot him dead with his pistol.

OR

'Love swells like the solway, but ebbs like its tide'. Does this truly reflect Lochinvar's love for Ellen.

Answer:

These very hurtful lines are said in front of Ellen. She kisses the goblet of wine that he requested and he drinks from it but then throws it to the floor. She is obviously upset by this, as "She looked down to blush, and she looked up to sigh, with a smile on her lips and a tear in her eye".

She is flustered and doesn't know where to look, but she offers a smile as she looks for redemption while trying not to cry. In this scene it is almost as if Lochinvar is trying to punish Ellen or let her know that he is upset. He is trying to give her a taste of the medicine that he has swallowed.

VIII. Explain with reference to the context: (5 × 3 = 15)

34.

"Which by and by black night doth take away."

Answer:

These lines are extracted from Shakespeare's sonnet 73 – "That time of the year". The poet says the above lines to his beloved / readers while referring to his old age. The poet is aware of his advancing age. He compares his life to the Autumn season, the evening of the day and a dying fire. His life is like the twilight. Soon sunset will approach; then there will be darkness. The darkness of the night; which is personified, will take away his sleep or Death's- second self.

35.

"It'll grow out again – you won't mind, will you?"

Answer:

These Lines are extracted from the story "The Gift of the Magi" by O'Henry.

Della had sold her beautiful golden hair to buy Jim a chain for his prized heirloom pocket watch, as Christmas present.

When Jim came back home that evening, he stared at her, trying to figure out what's different about her. Della admits to Jim that she sold her hair to buy him the Christmas present and consoles him that before long her hair would grow back again.

36.

If the grave's gates could be undone, She would not know her little son.

Poem – C.L.M.

Poet — John Masfield.

Answer:

- Said by the poet regarding his mother who is dead.
- The poet says that his mother's life made him a man by the nourishment that he got in her womb. He also says that in the darkness of the grave she could not see him or know whether he has used his life ill or well and even if she came out of the grave, she would not recognise him – he was so grown.

37.

“Good fences make good neighbours”.

Answer:

This line is taken from the poem “Mending Wall” written by Robert Frost. This line is uttered by the speaker's neighbour. While repairing the wall that separates the properties of the speaker and his neighbour, the speaker says that there is no need of a wall. The neighbour replies thus. What he means is that only if a certain distance is maintained, one can have good neighbourly relationships. Familiarity breeds only contempt.

38.

“The elders gasped in surprise”

Lesson : A Wrong Man in Workers' Paradise

Author : Rabindranath Tagore

Answer:

An artist was by mistake sent to the workers' paradise. He idled about here and there in the paradise. One day he met a girl at a torrent. He took her pitcher and painted designs on it. The girl was impressed. A new sense seemed to have awakened in her. The artist also coloured the girls ribbons. The busy girl now spent a lot of time tying the coloured ribbon around her hair. Much work was left unfinished.

The people who were busy with work now how spent precious time on useless things like art. The elders became anxious. They decided to banish the painter from workers' Paradise. As the wrong man was leaving the girl asked him to stop so that she could accompany him. The elders gasped in surprise because never before had a thing like that had happened in Workers' Paradise.

IX. Quote from memory: ($1 \times 4 = 4$)

39.

And into my garden stole

When the night had veil'd the pole:

In the morning glad I see

My foe outstretched beneath the tree.

OR

Then spoke the bride's father, his hand on his sword

(For the poor craven bridegroom, said never a word).

“O come ye in peace here, or come ye in war,

Or to dance at our bridal, young Lord Lochinvar?”

X. Answer the following questions in seven to eight sentences each : ($3 \times 4 = 12$)

40.

The poet, Sir Walter Scott, brings out the fact that love and courage go together. Explain this with reference to the poem “Lochinvar”.

Answer:

Lochinvar was a brave knight who dearly loved, Ellen. Ellen's father had refused his proposal to marry Ellen and had planned to marry her off to another nobleman who proved himself to be a coward. Lochinvar had come unarmed to Netherby Hall where Ellen's wedding had been arranged. He convinced Ellen's father that he did not love Ellen anymore and he had only come to drink a cup of wine at the marriage feast and dance with the bride.

Lochinvar took Ellen's hand and started dancing and while they were dancing he whispered in Ellen's ear what he planned to do. As soon as they reached the doorway, Lochinvar picked up Ellen and put her on his already waiting horse and galloped away before the bride's family could react. Thus Lochinvar proved that love and courage go together.

41.

Gandhiji says, "For an act to be moral it has to be free fear and compulsion." Give three instances to illustrate his point of view.

Answer:

Mahatma Gandhiji argues that it is not enough if one does a moral act with a good intention alone. He adds that a good act must also be done without compulsion. Gandhiji gives examples from our personal life. One should not acquire the habit of rising early out of the fear of being late to office and losing one's job. Similarly, one should not choose to live a simple life because one does not have the means to live a life of luxury and comfort.

On the contrary, if a person, despite being wealthy, chooses to live a plain and simple life believing that he ought not to live a life of ease and luxury looking at the want and misery of the world around him, then it is a moral act. Likewise, it is not a moral act if an employer pays higher wages so as to prevent his employees from leaving him. On the other hand, if he pays higher wages so as to wish his employees well and out of the realization that he owes his prosperity to them, then that becomes a moral act.

OR

What are the causes of soil erosion and what are the methods of prevention as suggested by Sir G.V. Raman?

Answer:

Soil erosion refers to the phenomenon of the washing away of the top layer of the soil in both agricultural and non- agricultural land by rapidly – moving water caused by sudden bursts of excessively heavy rains. The other factors which contribute to soil erosion are the slope of the land, removal of the natural protective coat of vegetation, the existence of ruts along which the water can flow rapidly gathering momentum and the absence of any checks to such flow.

Soil erosion can be prevented by the terracing of the land, the construction of bunds to check the flow' of water, the practice of contour cultivation and the planting of trees leading to creation of civilized forests.

42.

What did Drona seek from Butoo as recompense? What justification did Drona give for his unfair demand?

Answer:

Bound by his promise to make Arjuna the greatest archer ever, he asks Ekalavya his right thumb, the quintessential instrument to an archer's might, as his tuition fee, the Guru Dakshina. Ekalavya politely submits to his teacher's request without resentment.

Dronacharya's demand as cruel and unjust, driven by his personal fondness to his disciple Arjuna. But there has never been much discussion of the act chosen by Ekalavya to show his might. It is the nature of a dog to bark, an instinctive reaction. Subjugating a naive creature for a trouble which is totally unintentional shows lack of empathy, and to a certain extent the inability to act wisely.

OR

Why did Wordsworth say that his moving the boat is an act of stealth? Why was he guilty of his act?

Answer:

Wordsworth was a young boy when he did this act. One summer evening, he came across a boat tied in a sheltered cave. He untied it stealthily and took it out for a rowing. There was nobody present there and so he did not take any permission. But the absence of the owner did not mean that he could just like that take the boat. He was also very young to row the boat alone in the lake.

He untied the boat very quickly, slipped into the boat and rowed away very quietly which is an act of stealth. Therefore he was guilty of his act. As he was fully aware of the nature of his act, he felt guilty. The guilt inside him made the nature look menacing which made him quickly return the boat to its original place.

XI. 43. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below: $1 \times 4 = 4$ (2×2)

According to Greek mythology, Atlas was a titan of enormous strength. After being defeated by the God Zeus. Atlas was forced to carry the earth for an eternity. In depictions of Atlas, he is shown as a stooped figure carrying the globe on his shoulders. Because of his association with the globe maps began to be decorated with the image of Atlas. Accordingly the word "Atlas" became a nickname for a collection of maps.

Today an atlas refers to any book that consists of a bound collection of maps. For example an atlas can be made of maps of the world or of the states. Sometimes an atlas will also contain graphs and charts with other statistical information about the culture, religion, climate or government of the population of a given area.

Questions:

A. Who was Atlas according to Greek mythology?

Answer:

Atlas was a titan of enormous strength.

B. Who defeated him?

Answer:

God Zeus

XII. 44. Write an essay of about 18-20 sentences on any one of the following topics: ($1 \times 5 = 5$)

(a) Right to education act 2009:

Answer:

RTE, the Right to Education Act, is a welcome sign from the government. It provides even the children of poor families to pursue their studies in good, private schools. The fee of the child will be borne by the government and education is absolutely free. But even now, some schools have shut their doors to the poor and hope with proper measures, the governments will make this a reality in all the schools.

So far, children from low income background were not able to pursue their hopes due to the fee structure of certain schools. RTE has come as a saviour for those who cannot afford a good education. Every child is contributing to the future and anything that helps them will be beneficial to the society in return.

(b) Midday meal:

Answer:

Midday meal scheme is in place in Govt and aided schools with the aim to provide proper food for the children who belong to a cast out section just because they were poor. It is a good, unparalleled gesture as it not only takes care of the hunger but motivate more and more poor parents to provide education to their children.

The midday meal takes care of the nutritional demand of the children. ISKON and some other agencies also supply free food to the children. This good will gesture is nurturing the needs of a section of the society and the help they do to these poor children is something very noble for if the stomach is empty, no one can benefit from a good teaching.

XIII. 45. Imagine you are Sukrutha/Samrudh studying in Government High School, Sandur.

Write a letter to your mother about your preparation for external examination. (1 × 5 = 5)

Answer:

Govt. High School,
Satidur

Date :.....

My dear mother,

I am very happy to write a letter to you. I am fine here and expecting the same from you. Next week onwards we are getting Dasara holidays but I and my friends are deciding to get special coaching for external examination. So I am not able to come there. I missed you all. Everyday morning and evening group studies are arranged. Regular coaching classes also there. So I will be busy to fulfill that schedule. Convey my regards to papa and my sister. Loving you all.

Yours affectionately
Samrudh/Sukurutha.

OR

Write a letter to the General Manager of Jindal power limited, Madakaripura, . Chitradurga, requesting him to visit the Wind power generation plant.

Answer:

Hariharapura,
Date :.....

From
Akanksha
Govt. High School,
Udaipur Badavane,
Hariharapura

To
The General Manager,
Jindal power limited,
Madakaripura,
Chitradurga.

Respected Sir,

Sub : Visit to Wind Power Generation plant.

I, Akanksha studying in Govt. High School hereby requesting you that we, the students with the supervision of our science teacher make a wind power generation plant. Please you will come and see our project. If you visit us it will give us more inspiration to do these types of activities. Consider our humble request and I hope you will do the needful.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,
Akanksha
Govt. High School